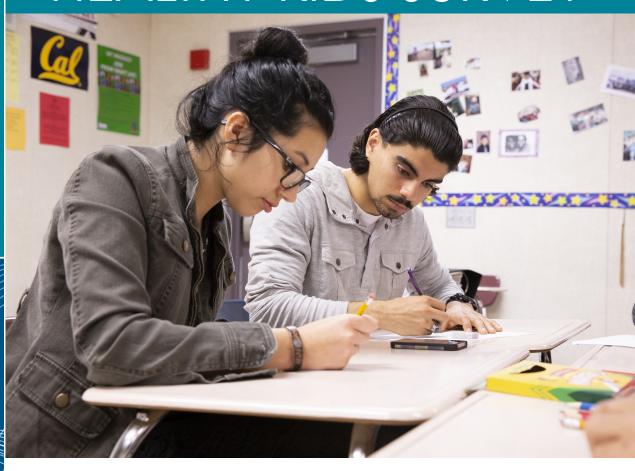


CALIFORNIA HEALTHY KIDS SURVEY



Travis Unified Secondary 2018-2019 Main Report





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PREFACE

HYPERLINK FEATURE

The digital version of this report has been hyperlinked. Click on the title of a section or a table in the List of Tables and you will be automatically directed to the actual content section or table in the report.

ALERT

Categories "High," "Moderate," and "Low" are included for some scales on the report for districts or schools to compare results to those from prior years. This is the last year these "High," "Moderate," and "Low" categories are provided in reports.

This report provides the detailed results for each question from the 2018-19 *California Healthy Kids Survey* (CHKS) for schools within the district. The CHKS, along with its two companion surveys—the *California School Staff Survey* (CSSS) and the *California School Parent Survey* (CSPS)—form the California Department of Education's *California School Climate*, *Health*, *and Learning Survey* (CalSCHLS) System. CalSCHLS, is the largest, most comprehensive effort in the nation to regularly assess students, staff, and parents at the local level to provide key data on school climate and safety, learning supports and barriers, stakeholder engagement, and youth development, health, and well-being. Exhibit 1, at the end of the Preface, presents the major school-related domains and constructs assessed by CalSCHLS. Appendix I lists the schools that administered the survey in the district and their response rates; Appendix II provides more information about CHKS questions.

These surveys grew out of CDE's commitment to helping schools promote the successful cognitive, social, emotional, and physical development of all students; create more positive, engaging school environments; and ensure college and career readiness. They provide a wealth of information to guide school improvement and **Local Control and Accountability Plan** (LCAP) efforts, particularly in regard to the state priorities of enhancing school climate, pupil engagement, parent involvement, and addressing the needs of vulnerable groups.

Factsheets, guidebooks, and other resources to help in understanding and using CHKS results are available for downloading from the CalSCHLS website (calschls.org), including Helpful Resources for Local Control and Accountability Plans (calschls.org/docs/lcap_cal_schls.pdf). The California Safe and Supportive Schools website (californiaS3.wested.org) provides information and tools helpful in implementing effective strategies to address the needs identified by the survey.

The CalSCHLS Regional Centers offer a Data Workshop to help identify local needs and develop action plans to meet those needs, including a *Listening to Students Workshop* for involving student voice in the process (see below).

THE SURVEY

The California Department of Education (CDE) has funded the CHKS since 1997 to provide data to assist schools in: (1) fostering safe and supportive school climates, social-emotional competencies, and engagement in learning; (2) preventing youth health-risk behaviors and other barriers to academic achievement; and (3) promoting positive youth development, resilience, and well-being. A thorough understanding of the scope and nature of student behaviors, attitudes, experiences, and supports is essential for guiding school improvement and academic, prevention, and health programs. Appendix II is a brief

guide to key CHKS Core Module indicators designed to help survey users more easily understand and interpret their findings.

The CHKS is not just a standalone instrument but a data collection system that districts can customize to meet local needs and interests. The secondary-school CHKS consists of a required general Core Module and a series of optional, supplementary topic-focused modules that districts can elect to administer. Districts may also add their own questions of local interest in a custom module. Table 1 indicates the modules administered by the district/school.

Core Module

As summarized in Appendix II, the Core Module consists of key questions, identified by an expert advisory committee, that are considered most important for schools to guide improvement of academic, health, and prevention programs and promote student achievement, college and career readiness, positive development, and well-being. The majority of the questions are school-specific, including the following indicators:

- student grades, truancy, attendance, academic motivation, and school connectedness, as indicators of engagement;
- developmental supports (protective factors) that promote positive academic, social, and emotional outcomes: experiences of caring adult relationships, high expectations, and opportunities for meaningful participation at school;
- perceived school safety, bullying, and victimization; and
- violence perpetration, substance use, and crime-related behavior (e.g., weapons possession).

The Core Module also assesses the scope and nature of substance use and includes two key indicators of mental health: chronic sadness and contemplation of suicide. These questions provide insights into important barriers to learning and development.

A wide range of demographic questions help districts identify and address the needs of significant and vulnerable student subgroups, including those required to be included in LCAP efforts. These subgroups include race/ethnicity, gender, and socioeconomic status; homeless, migrant, and foster status; and English language proficiency.

What's New? For 2018-19, the following improvements were made to the Core Module:

- Added a sleep duration question to help assess nighttime sleep quality
- Added the high school suicide ideation to the middle school survey
- Modified wording of two e-cigarette questions about perceived harm from use
- Added "Juul" as an example on the e-cigarette use items

School Climate Module (Supplementary)

To further support school improvement efforts and the LCAP process, a supplementary School Climate Module is available. It provides additional data on student academic mindset, school academic supports, discipline/order, supports for social-emotional learning, bullying prevention, peer relationships, respect for diversity, and the quality of the physical environment (<u>calschls.org/survey-administration/downloads/#ssm_sc</u>). These questions are also included in the staff survey to provide a more comprehensive picture of stakeholder perceptions and how the perceptions of students and staff differ from each other.

Social Emotional Health Module (Supplementary)

The SEHM greatly enhances the value of the CHKS as a strength-based assessment of positive emotions,

engagement, ability to build and maintain relationships, and other social-emotional capacities linked to student mental health and well-being, academic success, and college and career readiness. It includes 56 items that capture the totality of core adolescent psychological assets. The combination of the SEHM and Core Module yields a comprehensive set of data to inform decisions about mental health and social-emotional learning programs.

SURVEY ADMINISTRATION AND SAMPLE

School staff administered the survey, following detailed instructions provided by CDE that were designed to assure the protection of all student and parental rights to privacy and to maintain confidentiality. Students were surveyed only with the consent of parents or guardians. Each student's participation was voluntary, anonymous, and confidential.

- Table A1.1 describes the target sample of students and the final number and percent of students who completed the survey (the participation response rate).
- Appendix I lists all the secondary schools in the district that were eligible to participate in the survey and the percentage of their enrolled students that completed the survey (included in the district report).

NEW IN 2018! EXPLORE RESULTS ON THE ONLINE DATA DASHBOARD

The most recent state representative and district CHKS results can be examined on the CalSCHLS Data Dashboard (calschls.org/reports-data/dashboard/). The dashboard can be used to graphically display statewide and district key indicators from the Core and School Climate Module, trends over time, and disparities in survey outcomes across subgroups. Subgroup differences by gender, race/ethnicity, parental education, parent military status, homeless and migrant status, afterschool participation, gender identity, and sexual orientation can be examined. In addition, results can be displayed for English learners, free and reduced-priced meal eligible students, and foster youth – three important LCAP priority subgroups. In addition to displaying results interactively on the web, dashboard results can be exported as Image and PDF files for dissemination. District data are publicly posted on the dashboard by the end of November of the year following survey administration.

THE REPORT

The report tables, organized by topic, provide the percentages responding to each question response option by grade level. Because it is just as important to identify the positive behaviors of youth as it is to identify the risks they face, the tables reporting risk-behavior data include the percentages of youth who responded negatively (did not engage in the behavior).

Racial/Ethnic and Gender Results

In this report, summary tables provide key findings (e.g., safety, harassment, developmental supports, school connectedness) disaggregated by race/ethnic categories and gender. Schools can request supplementary reports disaggregating all their CHKS results by the race/ethnicity or gender of students or by other demographic categories.

UNDERSTANDING THE DATA

Care must be taken to understand the factors that can impact the quality, validity, and generalizability of the results. These include changes that occur in survey content, administration, and/or sample characteristics between administrations. The following are a few of the key issues that should be kept in mind. A more

detailed discussion of these topics can be found in the *CHKS Guidebook to Data Use and Dissemination* (data.calschls.org/resources/chks_guidebook_3_datause.pdf).

Representativeness

Among the most important factors affecting the quality of survey results is the level and type of student participation. The validity and representativeness of the results will be adversely affected if the student response rate is lower than 70 percent. One indication of the survey's representativeness is how accurately the sample reflects the gender and ethnic composition of the student enrollment. Even if the response rate is low, the results provide an indication of what those students who did respond felt about the school and their experiences and behavior.

Changes Between Survey Administrations

Many factors besides real changes in behavior, attitudes, or experiences among students may account for changes in results from administration to administration. Changes may be due to differences over time in the characteristics or size of the sample of students who completed the survey, changes in the questions themselves, or differences between time periods in which the survey was administered (e.g., some risk behaviors tend to increase as students age, or may increase during holidays or social events).

RESOURCES

<u>CalSCHLS.org</u> contains numerous guidebooks and other resources for using and understanding survey results.

- *CHKS Guidebook to Data Use and Dissemination* provides step-by-step instructions on how to interpret survey results and effectively disseminate them (<u>data.calschls.org/resources/chks_guidebook_3_datause.pdf</u>).
- CHKS **factsheets** analyze key topics at the state level, show how data variables are related, and offer suggestions for how data can be analyzed at the local level (calschls.org/resources/factsheets/).
- Assessing School Climate describes the value of the CalSCHLS student, staff, and parent surveys for assessing school climate, listing constructs and individual indicators (data.calschls.org/resources/Cal-SCHLS_AssessingClimate2013-14.pdf).
- *Making Sense of School Climate* provides a discussion of CalSCHLS survey items that relate to school climate (<u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3_schoolclimateguidebook_final.pdf</u>).
- Using CalSCHLS to Assess Social-Emotional Learning and Health describes how the CHKS Core and Social Emotional Health Module (SEHM) provide a comprehensive profile of student social-emotional competency (learning) and health, and the related supports schools provide, including questions aligned with the framework developed by the Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning (CASEL) (data.calschls.org/resources/CalSCHLS_AssessSELH.pdf). The staff survey provides data on the perception of adults in the school on social-emotional service needs and provision.
- *Helpful Resources for Local Control and Accountability Plans* describes how survey items align with LCAP priorities and indicators (cal_schls.pdf). Also available is an LCAP-related PowerPoint presentation (cal_schls.org/site/assets/files/1036/cal-schls-lcap_schoolclimatev6-1.pptx).

- The *School Climate Connection Newsletter* provides monthly announcements of resources, tools, webinars and workshops, and research. Sign up on <u>calschls.org/about</u>.
- CDE's **California Safe and Supportive Schools** website (<u>CaliforniaS3.wested.org</u>) contains a wealth of information and tools related to school climate improvement and social-emotional learning. It includes factsheets analyzing CalSCHLS data and *What Works Briefs* that provide guidance on strategies to implement.
- The CalSCHLS Item Crosswalk (calschls.org/resources/#survey_resources_and_tools) is a handy table listing all the constructs and questions that are on two or more of the CalSCHLS surveys, along with the report table number where results can be found, to assist in the comparison of findings among students, staff, and parents.

NEXT STEPS

Receiving this report is just a beginning step in a data-driven decision-making process of continuous improvement. The following describes some additional steps you should take and some custom services (additional fees apply) available from the CalSCHLS Regional Centers. These will help in fostering effective use of the results and provide additional information to support school and program improvement efforts and the LCAP process.

Engage Students, Staff, and Parents in Reviewing the Results and Action Planning

Engage students, parents, and school/community stakeholders in reviewing and exploring the meaning of the results. Obtain their input into how the school might better meet the identified needs. Engage them in developing a detailed action plan to guide school/community collaborative efforts. This communicates to stakeholders that you value their input into how to improve the school/community and gives them an opportunity for meaningful participation.

As part of this process, it is highly recommended that you conduct a structured *Listening to Students Workshop* designed to explore with students—as staff observe—the meaning of survey results and obtain student input on how to address the needs identified by the survey. WestEd staff also can conduct a *Data Use Action Planning Workshop* designed to identify local needs based on the survey results and engage adult stakeholders in developing a detailed plan and timetable for meeting those needs using evidence-based strategies. For more information, contact your CalSCHLS Regional Center 888.841.7536 or email CalSCHLS@wested.org.

Compare Results with Other Data

The value of your CHKS results will be greatly enhanced if examined in the context of the following sources of related data.

- Staff and Parent Surveys. If your school district(s) have administered the CalSCHLS school staff and parent surveys, obtain these results and compare them to those provided by students. It is important to determine how consistent are student, staff, and parent perceptions and experiences. To facilitate these comparisons, the CalSCHLS Item Crosswalk (calschls.org/resources/#survey resources and tools) lists all the constructs and questions that are on two or more of the CalSCHLS surveys, along with the report table number where results can be found. If the district(s) did not administer these companion surveys, urge them to do so next time.
- **Elementary CHKS Results**. Examine how the results from 9th and 11th graders compare with those from 5th and 7th graders if your district(s) also administered the CHKS at these school

levels. The elementary, middle, and high school surveys contain common indicators that will enable you to gain a sense of the developmental trajectory in these indicators and explore what programs at the elementary and middle-school levels might help mitigate problems that are evident among older students.

- Other Data. Examine how the results compare with other youth data collected within the district that relate to the variables assessed. Other relevant school-related data include discipline referrals, school demographic information, school vandalism costs, and behavioral observations in classrooms.
- Similar District and Statewide Results. The results from the biennial state administration of the CHKS, which provide representative state norms, can be downloaded from the CalSCHLS website (data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial State 1517.pdf) or examined on the CalSCHLS Data Dashboard (calschls.org/reports-data/dashboard/). If there is a school district that you consider similar to your own, you can also check to see if they have administered the survey and download the results for comparison (calschls.org/reports-data/search-lea-reports/). How you compare to state and district results can provide some context for your results, but the most important consideration is what your own results say about the students in your school/community.

Data Workshop

To assist in your review of the survey results, you can request your CalSCHLS Regional Center to conduct a structured, customized Data Workshop. In this workshop, a survey specialist works with district stakeholders to promote better understanding of the results and to identify local needs that need to be addressed. The workshops can also include engaging stakeholders in developing a detailed Action Plan and timetable for meeting those needs using evidence-based strategies. For more information, contact your CalSCHLS TA Center (888.841.7536) or email calschls@wested.org.

Request Additional Reports and Data

As you review your data with stakeholders, you may find that additional data needs emerge. The following custom services are available through the CalSCHLS Regional Centers to help delve more deeply into your survey results and foster more effective use of the results in support of school and program improvement efforts and the LCAP process.

School Reports and School Climate Report Cards

If the schools in the district vary significantly in demographics, programs, or other characteristics, consider requesting individual reports for each school. Two types of reports are available:

- A full report with all the survey results
- A short, user-friendly, graphic School Climate Report Card that provides results across eight
 domains of school climate and provides an overall School Climate Index score based on those
 domains (calschls.org/reports-data/#slcr)

District School Climate Report Card

For districts that survey all their schools, a district-level School Climate Report Card can be requested. This is a powerful, useful tool for guiding efforts to meet the school climate and pupil engagement priorities for the Local Control and Accountability Plan.

Disaggregated Reports

The staff of the CalSCHLS Regional Centers can produce full reports that look at how results vary by demographic subgroups (e.g., race/ethnicity), or by other characteristics of youth, such as those who are low in academic motivation compared those who are high. This can be valuable for identifying what subgroups need to be targeted with what resources and programs. Given the LCAP requirement that districts identify and address the needs of underserved subgroups, doing this would be a natural next step for addressing subgroup disparities.

Additional Analysis of Data

The complete dataset is available electronically for additional analysis (<u>CalSCHLS.org/reports-data</u>). The dataset enables analyses of patterns in the results, how they are interrelated, and how they vary by different subgroups of students and across schools within a district. You can also request an analysis by WestEd staff of any topic of interest.

Add Questions to Your Next Surveys

Determine what additional information is needed from students to guide school improvement efforts and add questions to your next CHKS, staff, or parent surveys. All three surveys are designed so that schools can add additional questions to help them conduct a more individualized and comprehensive assessment.

For more information about survey planning or technical assistance in understanding survey results and developing effective action plans to address identified needs, call the CalSCHLS helpline (888.841.7536) or email <u>CalSCHLS@wested.org</u>.

Exhibit 1
Major School-Related Domains and Constructs Assessed by CalSCHLS in Secondary Schools

	Student Core	Student School Climate	Student Social Emotional Health	Staff Survey	Parent Survey
Student Well-Being					
Academic mindset			✓		
Academic motivation	✓	✓		✓	✓
Academic performance (grades)	✓				
Alcohol, tobacco, and drug use	\checkmark			✓	✓
Attendance (absences, truancy, reasons absent)	✓			\checkmark	
Behavioral self-control			✓		
Collaboration			✓		
Emotional self-regulation			✓		
Empathy			✓		
Gratitude			✓		
Optimism			✓		
Perceived safety	✓			✓	✓
Persistence			✓		
Problem solving			✓		
School connectedness	✓				
Self-awareness			✓		
Self-efficacy			✓		
Sleep duration (hours of sleep)	✓				
Social-emotional competencies and health			✓	✓	
Social emotional distress			√		
Violence and victimization (bullying)	✓			√	√
Zest			√		
School Climate					
Academic rigor and norms				√	√
College and career supports		√		√	√
Family support		<u> </u>	√	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
High expectations	✓		•	√	√
Meaningful participation and decision-making					
Parent involvement				<u> </u>	
Quality of physical environment		√			
Relationships among staff	•	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	•
Relationships among students		√	√	<u> </u>	√
Relationships between students and staff	✓	<u>*</u>	•	→	
Respect for diversity and cultural sensitivity	*			→	
Teacher and other supports for learning				→	
School Climate Improvement Practices		<u> </u>		•	*
Bullying prevention		√		✓	✓
Discipline and order (policies, enforcement)				→	<u> </u>
		V		∨ ✓	•
Services and policies to address student needs				∨ ✓	
Social-emotional/behavioral supports		V		./	v
Staff supports	VV			v	

XV

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Gregory Austin, Ph.D. Thomas Hanson, Ph.D. CalSCHLS Co-Directors, WestEd

Tom Herman Administrator, Coordinated School Health and Safety Office California Department of Education

Survey Module Administration

Table 1
CHKS Survey Modules Administered

Survey Module	Administered
A. Core (Required)	X
B. Alcohol and Other Drugs (AOD) Module	X
C. Building Healthy Communities (BHC) Module	
D. Cal-Well Module	
E. Closing the Achievement Gap (CTAG) Module	
F. District Afterschool Module (DASM)	
G. Drug Free Communities (DFC) Module	X
H. Gang Risk Awareness Module (GRAM)	
I. Gender Identity & Sexual Orientation-Based Harassment Module	
J. Military-Connected School Module	X
K. Physical Health & Nutrition Module	
L. Resilience & Youth Development Module	
M. Safety & Violence Module	
N. School Climate Module	
O. Sexual Behavior Module	
P. Social Emotional Health Module (SEHM)	
Q. Tobacco Module	
Z. Custom Questions	X

Core Module Results

1. Survey Sample

Table A1.1
Student Sample for Core Module

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^{A}
Student Sample Size				
Target sample	418	462	430	101
Final number	382	434	374	63
Response Rate	91%	94%	87%	62%

 $Note: {}^{A}NT \ includes \ continuation, \ community \ day, \ and \ other \ alternative \ school \ types.$

2. Summary of Key Indicators

Table A2.1

Key Indicators of School Climate and Student Well-Being

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT	Table
C-11 E	%	%	%	%	
School Engagement and Supports					
School connectedness [†]	67	64	51	55	A4.6
Academic motivation [†]	78	75	69	67	A4.6
Chronic truancy (twice a month or more often)§	1	1	3	10	A4.2
Caring adult relationships [‡]	64	55	58	62	A4.5
High expectations [‡]	79	68	69	68	A4.5
Meaningful participation [‡]	24	24	24	28	A4.5
Facilities upkeep [†]	63	52	32	64	A4.13
Parent involvement in school [†]	58	50	43	50	A4.6
School Safety					
School perceived as very safe or safe	68	66	59	64	A5.1
Experienced any harassment or bullying§	40	34	27	37	A5.2
Had mean rumors or lies spread about you§	35	30	30	42	A5.3
Been afraid of being beaten up§	18	12	8	21	A5.4
Been in a physical fight§	13	10	7	14	A5.4
Seen a weapon on campus§	8	8	7	13	A5.6
Substance Use and Mental Health					
Current alcohol or drug use ¶	4	11	21	57	A6.5
Current marijuana use¶	0	7	15	52	A6.5
Current binge drinking¶	0	2	5	20	A6.5
Very drunk or "high" 7 or more times, ever	0	4	14	53	A6.7
Been drunk or "high" on drugs at school, ever	1	4	12	39	A6.9
Current cigarette smoking¶	0	1	3	20	A7.3
Current electronic cigarette use¶	1	9	13	42	A7.3
Experienced chronic sadness/hopelessness§	26	29	37	62	A8.4
Considered suicide§	12	18	19	50	A8.5

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

2018-19

[†]Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree."

[‡]Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

[§]Past 12 months.

[¶]Past 30 days.

3. Demographics

Table A3.1

Gender of Sample

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Male	51	51	51	66
Female	49	49	49	34

Question HS/MS A.3: What is your sex?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.2

Hispanic or Latino

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
No	75	70	73	68
Yes	25	30	27	32

Question HS/MS A.5: Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.3 *Race*

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
American Indian or Alaska Native	1	2	1	0
Asian	12	11	16	2
Black or African American	10	10	14	8
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	3	4	2	8
White	28	28	25	41
Mixed (two or more) races	45	45	41	41

Question HS/MS A.6: What is your race?

Table A3.4

Living Situation

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
A home with one or more parent or guardian	91	92	95	85
Other relative's home	2	2	2	5
A home with more than one family	2	3	2	2
Friend's home	0	0	0	6
Foster home, group care, or waiting placement	0	0	0	0
Hotel or motel	0	0	0	0
Shelter, car, campground, or other transitional or temporary housing	0	0	0	0
Other living arrangement	4	2	1	2

Question HS/MS A.8: What best describes where you live? A home includes a house, apartment, trailer, or mobile home.

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.5

Highest Education of Parents

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Did not finish high school	2	2	5	13
Graduated from high school	9	15	13	23
Attended college but did not complete four-year degree	13	16	22	13
Graduated from college	47	52	52	42
Don't know	29	15	8	10

Question HS/MS A.9: What is the highest level of education your parents or guardians completed? (Mark the educational level of the parent or guardian who went the furthest in school.)

Table A3.6
Free or Reduced Price Meals Eligibility

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
No	53	64	70	44
Yes	19	24	22	44
Don't know	28	12	8	13

Question HS/MS A.10: Do you receive free or reduced-price lunches at school? (Receiving free or reduced-price lunches means that lunch at school is provided to you for free or you pay less for it.)

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.7

Participation in Migrant Education Program, Past 3 Years

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
No	73	88	93	89
Yes	1	1	1	2
Don't know	25	11	6	10

Question HS/MS A.11: In the past three years, were you part of the Migrant Education Program or did your family move to find seasonal or temporary work in agriculture or fishing?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.8

Language Spoken at Home

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
English	89	87	83	92
Spanish	4	6	6	8
Mandarin	0	0	0	0
Cantonese	0	0	0	0
Taiwanese	0	0	0	0
Tagalog	3	4	6	0
Vietnamese	1	0	0	0
Korean	0	0	0	0
Other	3	3	4	0

Question HS/MS A.12: What language is spoken most of the time in your home?

Table A3.9

English Language Proficiency – All Students

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	%	%	%	%
How well do you				
understand English?				
Very well	92	94	93	92
Well	8	6	6	6
Not well	0	0	0	0
Not at all	0	0	0	2
speak English?				
Very well	87	90	91	85
Well	11	9	8	11
Not well	1	1	1	2
Not at all	0	0	0	2
read English?				
Very well	89	89	89	80
Well	11	9	9	18
Not well	0	2	1	0
Not at all	0	0	0	2
write English?				
Very well	81	82	85	75
Well	18	15	13	18
Not well	1	2	2	5
Not at all	0	0	0	2
English Language Proficiency Status				
Proficient	85	86	88	82
Not proficient	15	14	12	18

Question HS/MS A.13-16: How well do you understand, speak, read, and write English?... Understand English... Speak English... Read English... Write English.

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

English Language Proficiency was determined by creating a scale score using four survey questions - how well do you understand... speak... read... and write English. Response options are reverse coded so higher values indicate higher English proficiency level ("Not at all" (1); "Not well" (2); "Well" (3); and "Very well" (4)). The scale score was computed by averaging the survey responses. Respondents are categorized as "Proficient" or "Not Proficient" based on the English language proficiency scale.

Proficient: students with average item response > 3.5; and

Not Proficient: students with average item response \leq 3.5.

Table A3.10

English Language Proficiency – Students Speaking a Language Other Than English at Home

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
How well do you				
understand English?				
Very well	78	88	88	
Well	22	11	9	
Not well	0	2	2	
Not at all	0	0	2	
speak English?				
Very well	73	79	88	
Well	27	20	11	
Not well	0	2	0	
Not at all	0	0	2	
read English?				
Very well	80	82	84	
Well	20	13	13	
Not well	0	5	2	
Not at all	0	0	2	
write English?				
Very well	71	77	83	
Well	27	21	14	
Not well	2	2	2	
Not at all	0	0	2	
English Language Proficiency Status				
Proficient	73	80	84	
Not proficient	27	20	16	

Question HS/MS A.12-16: What language is spoken most of the time in your home?... How well do you understand, speak, read, and write English?... Understand English... Speak English... Read English... Write English.

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

English Language Proficiency was determined by creating a scale score using four survey questions - how well do you understand... speak... read... and write English. Response options are reverse coded so higher values indicate higher English proficiency level ("Not at all" (1); "Not well" (2); "Well" (3); and "Very well" (4)). The scale score was computed by averaging the survey responses. Respondents are categorized as "Proficient" or "Not Proficient" based on the English language proficiency scale.

Proficient: students with average item response > 3.5; and

Not Proficient: students with average item response \leq 3.5.

Table A3.11
Number of Days Attending Afterschool Program

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
0 days	84	64	78	89
1 day	5	7	4	5
2 days	5	7	3	0
3 days 4 days	1	8	5	0
4 days	3	4	3	2
5 days	2	12	8	5

Question HS/MS A.17: How many days a week do you usually go to your school's afterschool program? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.12

Military Connections

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	66	74	78	85
Yes	32	24	20	14
Don't know	2	2	2	2

Question HS A.129/MS A.119: Is your father, mother, or guardian currently in the military (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, National Guard, or Reserves)?

Table A3.13
Sexual Orientation

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Straight (not gay)	80	84	81	76
Gay or Lesbian	1	2	2	2
Bisexual	5	4	9	10
I am not sure yet	7	4	2	2
Something else	2	3	3	8
Decline to respond	6	3	2	2

Question HS A.130/MS A.120: Which of the following best describes you?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A3.14

Gender Identity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No, I am not transgender	95	96	95	90
Yes, I am transgender	0	1	1	7
I am not sure if I am transgender	2	2	2	0
Decline to respond	2	1	2	3

Question HS A.131/MS A.121: Some people describe themselves as transgender when their sex at birth does not match the way they think or feel about their gender. Are you transgender?

4. School Performance, Supports, and Engagement

Table A4.1 Grades, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Mostly A's	25	34	19	2
A's and B's	41	36	42	15
Mostly B's	7	7	14	8
B's and C's	18	16	17	46
Mostly C's	3	2	5	8
C's and D's	6	3	3	15
Mostly D's	0	0	1	2
Mostly F's	1	1	1	5

Question HS/MS A.18: During the past 12 months, how would you describe the grades you mostly received in school?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A4.2

Truancy, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
0 times	85	90	86	62
1-2 times	7	6	7	11
A few times	7	3	4	13
Once a month	1	1	0	3
Twice a month	0	0	1	0
Once a week	0	0	0	2
More than once a week	1	1	2	8

Question HS/MS A.21: During the past 12 months, about how many times did you skip school or cut classes? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A4.3
Absences, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I did not miss any days of school in the past 30 days	65	63	50	22
1 day	19	21	26	15
2 days	9	8	11	35
3 or more days	7	8	12	28

Question HS/MS A.19: In the past 30 days, how often did you miss an entire day of school for any reason? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A4.4

Reasons for Absence, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9	Grade 11 %	NT %
Does not apply; I didn't miss any school	64	59	49	22
Illness (feeling physically sick), including problems with breathing or your teeth	21	25	33	63
Were being bullied or mistreated at school	1	0	1	7
Felt very sad, hopeless, anxious, stressed, or angry	2	4	8	32
Didn't get enough sleep	2	4	11	37
Didn't feel safe at school or going to and from school	1	0	1	3
Had to take care of or help a family member or friend	2	2	4	10
Wanted to spend time with friends	1	0	0	5
Used alcohol or drugs	0	0	1	8
Were behind in schoolwork or weren't prepared for a test or class assignment	0	1	6	13
Were bored or uninterested in school	1	1	4	13
Had no transportation to school	1	0	2	13
Other reason	17	16	13	22

Question HS/MS A.20: In the past 30 days, did you miss a day of school for any of the following reasons? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table A4.5
School Environment Scales (Developmental Supports)

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT	Table
T-4-1 - d d4-	%	%	%	%	
Total school supports					
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	56	49	50	52	
High	30	23	22	31	
Moderate	56	52	54	43	
Low	14	25	23	26	
Caring adults in school					
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	64	55	58	62	A4.7
High	37	26	27	36	
Moderate	55	54	58	44	
Low	8	20	15	20	
High expectations-adults in school					
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	79	68	69	68	A4.8
High	57	43	38	41	
Moderate	39	44	52	49	
Low	4	13	9	10	
Meaningful participation at school					
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	24	24	24	28	A4.9
High	5	7	5	10	
Moderate	37	30	36	38	
Low	58	63	60	52	

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table numbers refer to tables with item-level results for the survey questions that comprise each scale.

Respondents were categorized as being "High," "Moderate," and "Low" based on the averages of the questions that comprise each scale. The response options for the survey questions that make up each scale range from "Not at all true" (1), "A little true" (2), "Pretty much true" (3), and "Very much true" (4). Students were classified as "High" if their average question response was greater than 3; "Moderate" if their average question response was greater than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 3; and "Low" if their average question response was less than 2.

Table A4.6
School Connectedness, Academic Motivation, and Parent Involvement Scales

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %	Table
School connectedness					
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	67	64	51	55	A4.10
High	62	53	36	39	
Moderate	34	40	50	48	
Low	5	6	14	13	
Academic motivation					
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	78	75	69	67	A4.11
High	44	38	28	20	
Moderate	40	47	48	57	
Low	16	15	24	23	
Parent involvement in school					
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	58	50	43	50	A4.12
High	42	35	24	33	
Moderate	48	46	52	54	
Low	10	19	24	13	

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table numbers refer to tables with item-level results for the survey questions that comprise each scale.

Respondents were categorized as being "High," "Moderate," and "Low" based on the averages of the questions that comprise each scale. The response options for the survey questions that make up each scale range from "Strongly disagree" (1), "Disagree" (2), "Neither disagree nor agree" (3), "Agree" (4), and "Strongly agree" (5). The following thresholds were used to classify question averages into "High," "Moderate," and "Low" categories:

	School Connectedness	Academic Motivation	Parent Involvement in School
High	> 3.75	≥ 4	> 4.25
Moderate	≥ 2.5 and ≤ 3.75	\geq 3 and $<$ 4	$> 3.25 \text{ and} \le 4.25$
Low	< 2.5	< 3	≤ 3.25

Table A4.7
Caring Relationships Scale Questions

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Caring adults in school				
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	64	55	58	62
At my school, there is a teacher or some other adult				
who really cares about me.				
Not at all true	10	18	13	13
A little true	35	34	28	20
Pretty much true	35	29	32	39
Very much true	21	19	28	28
who notices when I'm not there.				
Not at all true	12	22	18	16
A little true	26	27	33	30
Pretty much true	31	31	27	20
Very much true	31	20	21	34
who listens to me when I have something to say.				
Not at all true	3	10	8	17
A little true	23	23	25	18
Pretty much true	34	38	38	33
Very much true	40	29	28	32

Question HS/MS A.35, 37, 39: At my school, there is a teacher or some other adult... who really cares about me... who notices when I am not there... who listens to me when I have something to say.

Table A4.8

High Expectations Scale Questions

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
High expectations-adults in school				
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	79	68	69	68
At my school, there is a teacher or some other adult				
who tells me when I do a good job.				
Not at all true	8	14	11	8
A little true	24	22	25	23
Pretty much true	39	33	38	43
Very much true	30	32	26	26
who always wants me to do my best.				
Not at all true	2	6	6	5
A little true	10	20	18	20
Pretty much true	26	30	40	32
Very much true	62	44	37	43
who believes that I will be a success.				
Not at all true	4	10	10	11
A little true	16	25	24	28
Pretty much true	33	29	32	26
Very much true	47	35	34	34

Question HS/MS A.36, 38, 40: At my school, there is a teacher or some other adult... who tells me when I do a good job... who always wants me to do my best... who believes that I will be a success.

Table A4.9

Meaningful Participation Scale Questions

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
Meaningful participation at school	%	%	%	%
Average reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true"	24	24	24	28
At school				
I do interesting activities.				
Not at all true	18	18	23	25
A little true	34	27	28	41
Pretty much true	28	31	24	23
Very much true	20	24	25	11
I help decide things like class activities or rules.				
Not at all true	63	61	59	48
A little true	23	23	24	25
Pretty much true	9	9	11	21
Very much true	5	7	5	7
I do things that make a difference.				
Not at all true	27	36	39	46
A little true	40	39	36	25
Pretty much true	22	16	17	20
Very much true	11	10	8	8
I have a say in how things work.				
Not at all true	52	53	57	46
A little true	29	31	26	30
Pretty much true	15	10	11	16
Very much true	4	6	6	8
I help decide school activities or rules.				
Not at all true	79	78	71	60
A little true	13	14	19	17
Pretty much true	5	4	6	17
Very much true	3	4	4	7

Question HS/MS A.41-45: At school... I do interesting activities... I help decide things like class activities or rules... I do things that make a difference... I have a say in how things work... I help decide school activities or rules

Table A4.10 School Connectedness Scale Questions

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
School connectedness		//	70	70
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	67	64	51	55
I feel close to people at this school.				
Strongly disagree	2	4	7	15
Disagree	7	8	10	17
Neither disagree nor agree	33	26	27	28
Agree	42	43	42	32
Strongly agree	16	18	14	8
I am happy to be at this school.				
Strongly disagree	4	5	9	8
Disagree	5	10	10	11
Neither disagree nor agree	22	20	33	26
Agree	40	42	39	43
Strongly agree	29	22	8	11
I feel like I am part of this school.				
Strongly disagree	3	4	10	12
Disagree	6	10	12	10
Neither disagree nor agree	29	29	35	25
Agree	39	41	35	35
Strongly agree	22	15	9	18
The teachers at this school treat students fairly.				
Strongly disagree	1	3	7	2
Disagree	4	7	13	8
Neither disagree nor agree	21	26	30	27
Agree	45	45	40	37
Strongly agree	29	18	10	27
I feel safe in my school.				
Strongly disagree	2	3	5	7
Disagree	4	4	6	2
Neither disagree nor agree	21	21	26	27
Agree	42	51	52	45
Strongly agree	32	22	10	20

Question HS/MS A.22-26: How strongly do you agree or disagree with the following statements?... I feel close to people at this school... I am happy to be at this school... I feel like I am part of this school... The teachers at this school treat students fairly... I feel safe in my school.

Table A4.11

Academic Motivation Scale Questions

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
Academic motivation				
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	78	75	69	67
I try hard to make sure that I am good at my schoolwork.				
Strongly disagree	0	2	3	5
Disagree	2	2	4	7
Neither disagree nor agree	7	8	12	15
Agree	30	36	41	51
Strongly agree	61	52	40	23
I try hard at school because I am interested in my work.				
Strongly disagree	6	5	7	7
Disagree	13	10	14	20
Neither disagree nor agree	26	29	28	23
Agree	30	35	33	36
Strongly agree	25	21	18	15
I work hard to try to understand new things at school.				
Strongly disagree	1	2	4	5
Disagree	4	6	6	8
Neither disagree nor agree	16	20	21	20
Agree	40	37	45	44
Strongly agree	39	35	24	23
I am always trying to do better in my schoolwork.				
Strongly disagree	0	2	4	5
Disagree	2	1	3	7
Neither disagree nor agree	10	12	17	13
Agree	27	35	45	46
Strongly agree	61	49	32	30

Question HS/MS A.31-34: How strongly do you agree or disagree with the following statements?... I try hard to make sure that I am good at my schoolwork... I try hard at school because I am interested in my work... I work hard to try to understand new things at school... I am always trying to do better in my schoolwork. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A4.12

Parent Involvement Scale Questions

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Parent involvement in school	//	/0	/0	/0
Average reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree"	58	50	43	50
Teachers at this school communicate with parents about what students are expected to learn in class.				
Strongly disagree	1	4	6	5
Disagree	7	12	14	8
Neither disagree nor agree	29	29	33	39
Agree	40	37	37	34
Strongly agree	23	19	9	13
Parents feel welcome to participate at this school.				
Strongly disagree	1	4	4	5
Disagree	5	6	9	7
Neither disagree nor agree	40	43	46	44
Agree	36	32	33	30
Strongly agree	17	15	8	15
School staff takes parent concerns seriously.				
Strongly disagree	2	7	9	7
Disagree	7	9	15	7
Neither disagree nor agree	34	38	35	28
Agree	37	32	31	41
Strongly agree	20	15	10	18

Question HS/MS A.28-30: How strongly do you agree or disagree with the following statements?... Teachers at this school communicate with parents about what students are expected to learn in class... Parents feel welcome to participate at this school... School staff takes parent concerns seriously.

Table A4.13

Quality of School Physical Environment

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
My school is usually clean and tidy.				
Strongly disagree	2	6	13	8
Disagree	8	10	24	10
Neither disagree nor agree	27	32	32	18
Agree	46	42	27	41
Strongly agree	17	10	4	23

Question HS/MS A.27: How strongly do you agree or disagree with the following statements?... My school is usually clean and tidy.

5. School Violence, Victimization, and Safety

Table A5.1
Perceived Safety at School

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9	Grade 11 %	NT %
Very safe	20	18	13	24
Safe	49	48	46	40
Neither safe nor unsafe	28	29	34	34
Unsafe	2	3	4	2
Very unsafe	1	3	3	0

Question HS A.99/MS A.88: How safe do you feel when you are at school?

Table A5.2

Reasons for Harassment on School Property, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
Race, ethnicity, or national origin				
0 times	84	81	87	83
1 time	9	7	4	7
2 or more times	8	12	9	10
Religion				
0 times	96	95	93	90
1 time	1	2	1	3
2 or more times	3	3	5	7
Gender				
0 times	92	92	92	81
1 time	4	4	1	3
2 or more times	4	4	6	15
Because you are gay or lesbian or someone thought you were				
0 times	87	90	93	82
1 time	6	4	2	8
2 or more times	7	5	5	10
A physical or mental disability				
0 times	95	96	93	86
1 time	3	1	2	8
2 or more times	2	3	5	5
You are an immigrant or someone thought you were				
0 times	98	95	96	93
1 time	1	2	1	3
2 or more times	1	4	2	3
Any of the above six reasons	30	26	23	33

Question HS A.115-120/MS A.105-110: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property were you harassed or bullied for any of the following reasons?... Your race, ethnicity, or national origin... Your religion... Your gender... Because you are gay or lesbian or someone thought you were... A physical or mental disability... You are an immigrant or someone thought you were.

Table A5.2

Reasons for Harassment on School Property, Past 12 Months – Continued

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Any other reason				
0 times	72	79	87	80
1 time	11	6	3	7
2 or more times	17	16	10	13
Any harassment	40	34	27	37

Question HS A.115-121/MS A.105-111: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property were you harassed or bullied for any of the following reasons?... Your race, ethnicity, or national origin... Your religion... Your gender... Because you are gay or lesbian or someone thought you were... A physical or mental disability... You are an immigrant or someone thought you were... Any other reason.

Table A5.3

Verbal Harassment at School, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
During the past 12 months, how many times on school property have you				
had mean rumors or lies spread about you?				
0 times	65	70	70	58
1 time	16	13	12	20
2 to 3 times	11	7	9	8
4 or more times	9	10	9	14
had sexual jokes, comments, or gestures made to you?				
0 times	74	66	67	65
1 time	10	8	6	7
2 to 3 times	8	8	10	10
4 or more times	8	18	17	18
been made fun of because of your looks or the way you talk?				
0 times	66	67	72	67
1 time	17	11	10	7
2 to 3 times	6	8	7	12
4 or more times	11	14	11	15
been made fun of, insulted, or called names?				
0 times	55	66	76	67
1 time	18	9	8	12
2 to 3 times	9	9	6	7
4 or more times	18	16	10	15

Question HS A.103-105, 114/MS A.93-95, 104: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property have you... had mean rumors or lies spread about you... had sexual jokes, comments, or gestures made to you... been made fun of because of your looks or the way you talk... been made fun of, insulted, or called names? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A5.4
Violence and Victimization on School Property, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11 %	NT %
During the past 12 months, how many times on school	70	70	70	70
property have you				
been pushed, shoved, slapped, hit, or kicked by				
someone who wasn't just kidding around?				
0 times	73	82	85	85
1 time	14	9	7	5
2 to 3 times	7	4	3	7
4 or more times	6	4	6	3
been afraid of being beaten up?				
0 times	82	88	92	79
1 time	10	8	4	12
2 to 3 times	2	2	2	2
4 or more times	6	3	2	7
been threatened with harm or injury?				
0 times	88	91	93	86
1 time	6	5	3	10
2 to 3 times	2	2	2	2
4 or more times	3	2	2	2
been in a physical fight?				
0 times	87	90	93	86
1 time	9	5	3	7
2 to 3 times	3	3	1	5
4 or more times	1	2	3	2
been threatened or injured with a weapon (gun,				
knife, club, etc.)?				
0 times	97	96	94	95
1 time	2	2	2	3
2 to 3 times	0	1	2	0
4 or more times	0	1	2	2
been offered, sold, or given an illegal drug?				
0 times	98	84	72	67
1 time	1	7	10	9
2 to 3 times	1	5	10	7
4 or more times	0	4	8	17

Question HS A.100-102, 107, 111, 113/MS A.90-92, 97, 101, 103: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property have you... been pushed, shoved, slapped, hit, or kicked by someone who wasn't just kidding around... been afraid of being beaten up... been in a physical fight... been offered, sold, or given an illegal drug... been threatened or injured with a weapon (gun, knife, club, etc.) ... been threatened with harm or injury? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A5.5

Property Damage on School Property, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9	Grade 11 %	NT %
Had your property stolen or deliberately damaged				
0 times	86	85	88	88
1 time	10	9	6	7
2 to 3 times	3	3	2	2
4 or more times	2	3	4	3
Damaged school property on purpose				
0 times	97	94	93	92
1 time	3	3	4	7
2 to 3 times	0	2	2	0
4 or more times	1	1	2	2

Question HS A.106, 108/MS A.96, 98: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property have you... had your property stolen or deliberately damaged, such as your car, clothing, or books... damaged school property on purpose?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A5.6
Weapons Possession on School Property, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Carried a gun				
0 times	99	100	97	95
1 time	0	0	1	2
2 to 3 times	0	0	1	2
4 or more times	0	0	2	2
Carried any other weapon (such as a knife or club)				
0 times	97	97	94	86
1 time	2	2	3	5
2 to 3 times	1	0	1	3
4 or more times	1	1	2	5
Seen someone carrying a gun, knife, or other weapon				
0 times	92	92	93	87
1 time	6	4	4	5
2 to 3 times	1	3	2	5
4 or more times	1	1	2	3

Question HS A.109, 110, 112/MS A.99, 100, 102: During the past 12 months, how many times on school property have you... carried a gun... carried any other weapon (such as a knife or club)... seen someone carrying a gun, knife, or other weapon?

Table A5.7

Cyber Bullying, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
0 times (never)	80	77	78	72
1 time	9	10	9	12
2 to 3 times	6	7	5	3
4 or more times	5	7	7	13

Question HS A.122/MS A.112: During the past 12 months, how many times did other students spread mean rumors or lies, or hurtful pictures, about you online, on social media, or on a cell phone?

6. Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Table A6.1
Summary Measures of Level of AOD Use and Perceptions

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT %	Table
Lifetime illicit AOD use to get "high"	8	25	42	72	A6.2
Lifetime alcohol or drug use	8	28	43	72	A6.2
Lifetime marijuana use	2	14	28	66	A6.2
Lifetime very drunk or high (7 or more times)	0	4	14	53	A6.7
Lifetime drinking and driving involvement	31	8	13	40	A6.11
Current alcohol or drug use	4	11	21	57	A6.5
Current marijuana use	0	7	15	52	A6.5
Current heavy drug use	0	4	10	44	A6.5
Current heavy alcohol use (binge drinking)	0	2	5	20	A6.5
Current alcohol or drug use on school property	1	4	7	15	A6.8
Harmfulness of occasional marijuana use [‡]	41	36	29	18	A6.12
Difficulty of obtaining marijuana§	25	10	6	8	A6.13

[†]Excludes prescription pain medication, diet pills, and prescription stimulant.

[‡]Great harm.

[§]Very difficult.

Table A6.2
Summary of AOD Lifetime Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT %
Alcohol	5	18	32	59
Marijuana	2	14	28	66
Inhalants	3	2	4	18
Cocaine, methamphetamine, or any amphetamines	na	1	2	18
Heroin	na	0	1	3
Ecstasy, LSD, or other psychedelics	na	1	3	23
Prescription pain medication, opioids, tranquilizers, sedatives, diet pills, or other prescription stimulant	na	7	11	39
Cold/cough medicines or other over-the-counter medicines to get "high"	na	6	10	31
Any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high"	1	2	5	25
Any of the above AOD use	8	28	43	72
Any illicit AOD use to get "high"	8	25	42	72

[†]Excludes prescription pain medication, diet pills, and prescription stimulant.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A6.3

Lifetime AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Alcohol (one full drink)				
0 times	95	82	68	41
1 time	2	7	9	5
2 to 3 times	1	6	6	7
4 or more times	1	5	16	48
Marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)				
0 times	98	86	72	34
1 time	1	4	4	5
2 to 3 times	1	3	4	8
4 or more times	0	6	19	52
Inhalants				
0 times	97	98	96	82
1 time	2	1	1	7
2 to 3 times	1	1	1	2
4 or more times	0	0	2	10
Cocaine, methamphetamine, or any amphetamines				
0 times	na	99	98	82
1 time	na	0	1	2
2 to 3 times	na	0	0	5
4 or more times	na	0	1	11
Heroin				
0 times	na	100	99	97
1 time	na	0	0	2
2 to 3 times	na	0	0	2
4 or more times	na	0	1	0
Ecstasy, LSD, or other psychedelics				
0 times	na	99	97	77
1 time	na	1	1	3
2 to 3 times	na	0	0	11
4 or more times	na	0	2	8

Question HS A.49-52, 54, 55/MS A.50-52: During your life, how many times have you used the following? One full drink of alcohol (such as a can of beer, glass of wine, wine cooler, or shot of liquor)... Marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)... Inhalants (things you sniff, huff, or breathe to get "high" such as glue, paint, aerosol sprays, gasoline, poppers, gases)... Cocaine, methamphetamine, or any amphetamines (meth, speed, crystal, crank, ice)... Heroin... Ecstasy, LSD, or other psychedelics (acid, mescaline, peyote, mushrooms).

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A6.3

Lifetime AOD Use – Continued

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
Prescription pain medication or opioids,	%	%	%	%
tranquilizers, or sedatives				
0 times	na	96	93	66
1 time	na	2	2	5
2 to 3 times	na	1	1	5
4 or more times	na	2	4	25
Diet pills				
0 times	na	98	97	95
1 time	na	0	0	2
2 to 3 times	na	0	1	0
4 or more times	na	1	1	3
$Ritalin^{TM}$ or $Adderall^{TM}$ or other prescription stimulant				
0 times	na	97	94	69
1 time	na	1	2	5
2 to 3 times	na	1	1	8
4 or more times	na	1	3	17
Cold/cough medicines or other over-the-counter medicines to get "high"				
0 times	na	94	90	69
1 time	na	2	3	7
2 to 3 times	na	1	2	15
4 or more times	na	3	5	10
Any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical				
0 times	99	98	95	75
1 time	1	0	1	2
2 to 3 times	0	1	2	5
4 or more times	0	1	2	18

Question HS A.56-60/MS A.54: During your life, how many times have you used the following?... Prescription pain medication or opioids (VicodinTM, OxyContinTM, PercodanTM, LortabTM), tranquilizers, or sedatives (XanaxTM, AtivanTM)... Diet pills (Didrex[®], Dexedrine[®], Xenadrine[®], Skittles, M&M's)... RitalinTM or AdderallTM or other prescription stimulant... Cold/cough medicines or other over-the-counter medicines to get "high"... Any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical.

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A6.4
Lifetime Marijuana Consumption

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
During your life, how many times have you used marijuana in any of the following ways				
Smoke it?				
0 times	99	88	76	37
1 time	0	4	5	3
2 to 3 times	1	2	3	5
4 or more times	0	6	16	54
In an electronic or e-cigarette or other vaping device?				
0 times	98	89	79	42
1 time	1	4	4	3
2 to 3 times	0	3	3	3
4 or more times	1	4	14	52
Eat or drink it in products made with marijuana?				
0 times	99	93	80	45
1 time	1	2	4	2
2 to 3 times	0	2	5	8
4 or more times	0	3	11	45

Question HS A.64-66/MS A.58-60: During your life, how many times have you used marijuana in any of the following ways... Smoke it?... In an electronic or e-cigarette or other vaping device?... Eat or drink it in products made with marijuana?

Table A6.5

Current AOD Use, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Alcohol (one or more drinks of alcohol)	3	6	11	32
Binge drinking (5 or more drinks in a row)	0	2	5	20
Marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)	0	7	15	52
Inhalants	1	1	2	5
Prescription drugs to get "high" or for reasons other than prescribed	na	1	2	8
Other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical	0	1	3	8
Any drug use	1	7	16	52
Heavy drug use	0	4	10	44
Any AOD Use	4	11	21	57
Two or more substances at the same time	na	2	4	22

Question HS A.70-76/MS A.64-68: During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use... one or more drinks of alcohol... five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, that is, within a couple of hours... marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)... inhalants (things you sniff, huff, or breathe to get "high")... prescription drugs to get "high" or for reasons other than prescribed ... any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical... two or more substances at the same time (for example, alcohol with marijuana, ecstasy with mushrooms)?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Heavy drug use was calculated based on pattern of combined current drug use on three or more days (marijuana, inhalants, prescription pain medicine to get "high" (high school only), or any other illegal drug/pill to get "high"). na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A6.6
Frequency of Current AOD Use, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Alcohol (one or more drinks)				
0 days	97	94	89	68
1 or 2 days	3	5	7	23
3 to 9 days	1	1	2	5
10 to 19 days	0	0	1	2
20 or more days	0	1	1	2
Binge drinking (5 or more drinks in a row)				
0 days	100	98	95	80
1 or 2 days	0	1	3	17
3 to 9 days	0	0	1	2
10 to 19 days	0	0	0	0
20 or more days	0	0	1	2
Marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)				
0 days	100	93	85	48
1 or 2 days	0	3	6	8
3 to 9 days	0	2	2	10
10 to 19 days	0	0	2	5
20 or more days	0	1	5	28

Question HS A.70-72/MS A.64-66: During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use... one or more drinks of alcohol... five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, that is, within a couple of hours... marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)?

Table A6.7

Lifetime Drunk or "High"

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Very drunk or sick after drinking alcohol	•	·		
0 times	98	94	84	52
1 to 2 times	2	5	9	23
3 to 6 times	0	1	3	13
7 or more times	0	1	4	12
"High" (loaded, stoned, or wasted) from using drugs				
0 times	99	89	74	37
1 to 2 times	1	4	7	7
3 to 6 times	0	2	5	5
7 or more times	0	4	14	52
Very drunk or "high" 7 or more times	0	4	14	53

Question HS A.61, 62/MS A.55, 56: During your life, how many times have you been... very drunk or sick after drinking alcohol... "high" (loaded, stoned, or wasted) from using drugs?

Table A6.8

Current AOD Use on School Property, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Alcohol				
0 days	100	99	96	98
1 to 2 days	0	1	3	2
3 or more days	0	0	1	0
Marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)				
0 days	100	96	95	85
1 to 2 days	0	2	2	8
3 or more days	0	2	4	7
Any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical?				
0 days	99	100	98	95
1 to 2 days	1	0	2	3
3 or more days	0	0	0	2
Any of the above	1	4	7	15

Question HS A.80-82/MS A.72-74: During the past 30 days, on how many days on school property did you use... at least one drink of alcohol... marijuana (smoke, vape, eat, or drink)... any other drug, pill, or medicine to get "high" or for reasons other than medical?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A6.9

Lifetime Drunk or "High" on School Property

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
0 times	99	96	88	61
1 to 2 times	1	3	3	7
3 to 6 times	0	0	4	8
7 or more times	0	1	5	24

Question HS A.63/MS A.57: During your life, how many times have you been... drunk on alcohol or "high" on drugs on school property?

Table A6.10
Cessation Attempts

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
Alcohol	<u>%</u>	%	%	%
Does not apply, don't use	na	92	85	62
0 times	na	6	10	20
1 time	na	1	3	12
2 to 3 times	na	0	1	5
4 or more times	na	0	1	2
Marijuana				
Does not apply, don't use	na	90	80	48
0 times	na	8	12	22
1 time	na	1	4	15
2 to 3 times	na	0	2	10
4 or more times	na	1	1	5

Question HS A.96, 97: How many times have you tried to quit or stop using... alcohol... marijuana?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A6.11

Drinking While Driving, Lifetime

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Driven a car when you had been using alcohol or drugs, or been in a car driven by a friend who had been using				
Never	na	92	87	60
1 time	na	3	4	3
2 times	na	2	1	8
3 to 6 times	na	2	4	12
7 or more times	na	2	4	17
Have ridden in a car driven by someone who had been using alcohol or drugs				
Never	69	na	na	na
1 time	9	na	na	na
2 times	7	na	na	na
3 to 6 times	5	na	na	na
7 or more times	9	na	na	na

Question HS A.98/MS A.87: During your life, how many times have you ever driven a car when you had been using alcohol or drugs, or been in a car driven by a friend when he or she had been using?... In your life, how many times have you ridden in a car driven by someone who had been using alcohol or drugs?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle/high school students.

Table A6.12
Perceived Harm of AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Alcohol - drink occasionally				
Great	24	28	33	25
Moderate	32	28	25	30
Slight	30	30	24	27
None	14	14	18	18
Alcohol - 5 or more drinks once or twice a week				
Great	53	58	59	48
Moderate	29	23	21	30
Slight	8	10	9	7
None	11	10	11	15
Marijuana - use occasionally				
Great	41	36	29	18
Moderate	37	31	24	10
Slight	11	18	22	22
None	10	16	25	50
Marijuana - use daily				
Great	76	65	48	23
Moderate	9	15	20	15
Slight	4	8	16	25
None	11	12	17	37

Question HS A.87-90/MS A.79-82: How much do people risk harming themselves physically and in other ways when they do the following?... Drink alcohol (beer, wine, liquor) occasionally... Have five or more drinks of alcohol once or twice a week... Use marijuana occasionally (smoke, vape, eat, or drink) ... Use marijuana daily. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A6.13
Perceived Difficulty of Obtaining Alcohol and Marijuana

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Alcohol	-70	-70	70	70
Very difficult	15	8	7	8
Fairly difficult	13	11	9	3
Fairly easy	24	23	25	38
Very easy	14	25	34	33
Don't know	34	32	25	17
Marijuana				
Very difficult	25	10	6	8
Fairly difficult	16	11	7	0
Fairly easy	12	21	20	24
Very easy	5	24	45	53
Don't know	42	35	23	15

Question HS A.93, 94/MS A.85, 86: How difficult is it for students in your grade to get any of the following if they really want them?... Alcohol... Marijuana.

7. Tobacco Use

Table A7.1
Summary of Key CHKS Tobacco Indicators

	Grade 7	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %	Table
Use Prevalence and Patterns	,-	, -			
Ever smoked a whole cigarette	0	3	6	41	A7.2
Current cigarette smoking [†]	0	1	3	20	A7.3
Current cigarette smoking at school [†]	0	0	1	0	A7.4
Ever tried smokeless tobacco	1	2	4	8	A7.2
Current smokeless tobacco use [†]	0	0	1	2	A7.3
Current smokeless tobacco use at school [†]	0	0	1	2	A7.4
Ever used electronic cigarettes	4	17	30	62	A7.2
Current use of electronic cigarettes [†]	1	9	13	42	A7.3
Current use of electronic cigarettes at school [†]	0	4	6	17	A7.4
Cessation Attempts					
Tried to quit or stop using cigarettes	na	1	3	17	A7.5
Attitudes and Correlates					
Harmfulness of occasional cigarette smoking [‡]	30	37	43	31	A7.6
Harmfulness of smoking 1 or more packs/day [‡]	73	77	74	72	A7.6
Difficulty of obtaining cigarettes§	16	11	8	10	A7.8

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

[†]Past 30 days.

 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ *Great harm.*

[§]Very difficult.

Table A7.2

Lifetime Tobacco Use

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
A cigarette, even one or two puffs	%	%	%	%
0 times	98	na	na	no
				na
1 time	2	na	na	na
2 to 3 times	1	na	na	na
4 or more times	0	na	na	na
A whole cigarette				
0 times	100	97	94	59
1 time	0	2	2	2
2 to 3 times	0	1	2	11
4 or more times	0	0	3	28
Smokeless tobacco				
0 times	99	98	96	92
1 time	1	1	1	5
2 to 3 times	0	0	1	0
4 or more times	0	0	2	3
Electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping device				
0 times	96	83	70	38
1 time	2	6	7	8
2 to 3 times	1	4	4	3
4 or more times	1	7	19	50

Question HS A.46-48/MS A.46-49: During your life, how many times have you used the following? A cigarette, even one or two puffs... A whole cigarette... Smokeless tobacco (dip, chew, or snuff)... Electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping device such as Juul, e-hookah, hookah pens, or vape pens.

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of high school students.

Table A7.3

Any Current Use and Daily Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Cigarettes				
Any	0	1	3	20
Daily (20 or more days)	0	0	0	3
Smokeless tobacco				
Any	0	0	1	2
Daily (20 or more days)	0	0	0	2
Electronic cigarettes/e-cigarettes/other vaping device				
Any	1	9	13	42
Daily (20 or more days)	0	1	3	17

Question HS A.67-69/MS A.61-63: During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use... cigarettes... smokeless tobacco (dip, chew, or snuff)... electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping device such as Juul, e-hookah, hookah pens, or vape pens?

Table A7.4

Current Smoking on School Property, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Cigarettes				
0 days	100	100	99	100
1 or 2 days	0	0	1	0
3 to 9 days	0	0	0	0
10 to 19 days	0	0	0	0
20 or more days	0	0	0	0
Smokeless tobacco				
0 days	100	100	99	98
1 or 2 days	0	0	0	0
3 to 9 days	0	0	1	0
10 to 19 days	0	0	0	0
20 or more days	0	0	0	2
Electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping device				
0 days	100	96	94	83
1 or 2 days	0	3	3	8
3 to 9 days	0	1	1	2
10 to 19 days	0	0	1	0
20 or more days	0	0	1	7

Question HS A.77-79/MS A.69-71: During the past 30 days, on how many days on school property did you use... cigarettes... smokeless tobacco (dip, chew, or snuff)... electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping device such as Juul, e-hookah, hookah pens, or vape pens?

Table A7.5
Cigarette Smoking Cessation Attempts

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Does not apply, don't use	na	96	94	70
0 times	na	3	3	13
1 time	na	0	2	5
2 to 3 times	na	0	1	12
4 or more times	na	0	0	0

Question HS A.95: How many times have you tried to quit or stop using cigarettes?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table A7.6

Perceived Harm of Cigarette Smoking

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Smoke cigarettes occasionally				
Great	30	37	43	31
Moderate	43	39	29	36
Slight	18	14	16	20
None	9	11	13	14
Smoke 1 or more packs of cigarettes each day				
Great	73	77	74	72
Moderate	12	9	10	7
Slight	5	4	4	7
None	10	9	12	15

Question HS A.83, 84/MS A.75, 76: How much do people risk harming themselves physically and in other ways when they do the following?... Smoke cigarettes occasionally... Smoke 1 or more packs of cigarettes each day. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A7.7

Perceived Harm of E-Cigarette Use Compared to Smoking

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Use e-cigarettes or vaping device occasionally				
Great	32	30	28	13
Moderate	40	36	32	25
Slight	18	21	23	37
None	10	13	17	25
Use e-cigarettes or vaping devices several times a day				
Great	72	67	52	33
Moderate	14	16	23	30
Slight	4	7	10	17
None	10	11	15	20

Question HS A.85, 86/MS A.77, 78: How much do people risk harming themselves physically and in other ways when they do the following?... Use e-cigarettes (electronic) or vaping device occasionally... Use e-cigarettes or vaping devices several times a day (100 puffs or more).

Table A7.8

Perceived Difficulty of Obtaining Cigarettes and E-Cigarettes

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Cigarettes	/0	//	///	70
Very difficult	16	11	8	10
Fairly difficult	17	13	13	0
Fairly easy	20	27	23	32
Very easy	10	13	25	40
Don't know	37	35	31	18
E-cigarettes or vaping device				
Very difficult	16	7	5	8
Fairly difficult	14	7	7	2
Fairly easy	19	24	24	25
Very easy	13	32	40	50
Don't know	37	30	24	15

Question HS A.91, 92/MS A.83, 84: How difficult is it for students in your grade to get any of the following if they really want them?... Cigarettes.... E-cigarettes (electronic) or vaping device

8. Other Physical and Mental Health Risks

Table A8.1

Alone After School

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Never	45	na	na	na
1 day	13	na	na	na
2 days	9	na	na	na
3 days 4 days	7	na	na	na
4 days	3	na	na	na
5 days	23	na	na	na

Question MS A.89: In a normal week, how many days are you home after school for at least one hour without an adult there?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of high school students.

Table A8.2

Hours of Sleep

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
4 or less hours	2	6	11	17
5 hours	5	11	17	25
6 hours	5	21	25	25
7 hours	19	32	26	18
8 hours	32	20	16	8
9 hours	23	8	3	5
10 or more hours	14	1	2	2

Question MS A.127/MS A.117: On an average school night, how many hours of sleep do you get?

Table A8.3

Eating of Breakfast

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	31	40	38	58
Yes	69	60	62	42

Question HS A.126/MS A.116: Did you eat breakfast today?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A8.4

Chronic Sad or Hopeless Feelings, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
No	74	71	63	38
Yes	26	29	37	62

Question HS A.124/MS A.114: During the past 12 months, did you ever feel so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more that you stopped doing some usual activities?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A8.5
Seriously Considered Attempting Suicide, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	88	82	81	50
Yes	12	18	19	50

Question HS A.125/MS A.115: During the past 12 months, did you ever seriously consider attempting suicide? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A8.6

Gang Involvement

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	97	95	94	90
Yes	3	5	6	10

Question HS A.123/MS A.113: Do you consider yourself a member of a gang?

9. Race/Ethnic Breakdowns

Table A9.1
School Supports and Engagement by Race/Ethnicity - 7th Grade

			Grade 7						
Percent of Students (%)	H/L	AI/AN	Asian	AA	Id/HN	White	Mixed		
School Environment									
Total school supports [‡]	57		57	57	60	58	54		
Caring adults in school [‡]	66		62	63	67	66	63		
High expectations-adults in school [‡]	79		82	79	79	83	76		
Meaningful participation at school [‡]	25		27	28	35	24	24		
School Connectedness [†]	70		65	68	75	69	67		
Academic Motivation [†]	77		83	78	82	80	75		
Parent Involvement in School [†]	54		59	60	58	62	55		

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. H/L: Hispanic or Latino; AI/AN: American Indian or Alaska Native; AA: Black or African American; NH/PI: Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; Mixed: Mixed (two or more) races. †Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree." ‡Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

Table A9.2
School Supports and Engagement by Race/Ethnicity - 9th Grade

	Grade 9							
Percent of Students (%)	T/H	AI/AN	Asian	AA	Id/HN	White	Mixed	
School Environment								
Total school supports [‡]	46	53	50	53	42	49	49	
Caring adults in school [‡]	51	60	52	64	45	57	54	
High expectations-adults in school [‡]	64	63	70	73	55	69	67	
Meaningful participation at school [‡]	23	35	29	21	27	22	25	
School Connectedness [†]	60	61	60	68	56	68	61	
Academic Motivation [†]	73	73	80	79	72	76	73	
Parent Involvement in School [†]	49	50	51	64	38	46	52	

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. H/L: Hispanic or Latino; AI/AN: American Indian or Alaska Native; AA: Black or African American; NH/PI: Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; Mixed: Mixed (two or more) races. †Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree." ‡Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

Table A9.3
School Supports and Engagement by Race/Ethnicity - 11th Grade

	Grade 11							
Percent of Students (%)	T/H	AI/AN	Asian	AA	Id/HN	White	Mixed	
School Environment								
Total school supports [‡]	51		49	48		52	51	
Caring adults in school [‡]	61		56	50		62	60	
High expectations-adults in school [‡]	67		68	68		71	70	
Meaningful participation at school [‡]	24		24	27		23	23	
School Connectedness†	50		56	45		62	47	
Academic Motivation [†]	68		72	76		66	66	
Parent Involvement in School [†]	39		43	49		44	39	

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. H/L: Hispanic or Latino; AI/AN: American Indian or Alaska Native; AA: Black or African American; NH/PI: Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; Mixed: Mixed (two or more) races. †Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree." ‡Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

Table A9.4
School Supports and Engagement by Race/Ethnicity - Non-Traditional

NT					Γ				
Percent of Students (%)	T/H	AI/AN	Asian	AA	Id/HN	White	Mixed		
School Environment									
Total school supports [‡]	51					48	45		
Caring adults in school [‡]	60					59	54		
High expectations-adults in school [‡]	63					67	61		
Meaningful participation at school [‡]	31					17	20		
School Connectedness [†]	54					50	52		
Academic Motivation [†]	70					55	70		
Parent Involvement in School [†]	45					43	51		

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. H/L: Hispanic or Latino; AI/AN: American Indian or Alaska Native; AA: Black or African American; NH/PI: Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; Mixed: Mixed (two or more) races. †Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree." ‡Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

Table A9.5
Feeling Safe or Very Safe at School by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	76	65	58	60
American Indian or Alaska Native				
Asian	69	66	67	
Black or African American	71	81	59	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	64	50		
White	72	65	68	62
Mixed (two or more) races	67	64	51	48

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A9.6

Harassment Due to Six Reasons at School in the Past 12 Months by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	33	26	18	15
American Indian or Alaska Native		40		
Asian	36	45	28	
Black or African American	35	20	25	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	45	29		
White	22	22	24	43
Mixed (two or more) races	32	25	22	30

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

The six reasons include race, ethnicity or national origin; religion; gender (being male or female); sexual orientation; a physical or mental disability; and immigrant status.

Table A9.7

Any Harassment or Bullying at School in the Past 12 Months by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	41	33	19	25
American Indian or Alaska Native		40		
Asian	47	50	29	
Black or African American	44	27	29	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	45	29		
White	36	34	31	43
Mixed (two or more) races	40	32	24	35

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A9.8

Any Alcohol Use at School in the Past 30 Days by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	1	1	4	5
American Indian or Alaska Native		0		
Asian	0	5	5	
Black or African American	0	0	2	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	0		
White	0	0	5	0
Mixed (two or more) races	0	2	1	0

Table A9.9
Cigarette Smoking in the Past 30 Days by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	0	2	2	0
American Indian or Alaska Native		0		
Asian	0	2	3	
Black or African American	0	0	2	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	0		
White	0	1	5	39
Mixed (two or more) races	0	1	1	13

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A9.10

Any Alcohol Use in the Past 30 Days by Race/Ethnicity

<u> </u>				
	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	5	12	13	15
American Indian or Alaska Native		0		
Asian	0	7	10	
Black or African American	0	0	4	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	21		
White	4	4	15	30
Mixed (two or more) races	4	8	11	26

Table A9.11
Any Marijuana Use in the Past 30 Days by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	0	11	12	40
American Indian or Alaska Native		10		
Asian	0	9	9	
Black or African American	0	5	16	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	7		
White	1	5	15	52
Mixed (two or more) races	0	9	17	57

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table A9.12
Chronic Sad or Hopeless Feelings in the Past 12 Months by Race/Ethnicity

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Hispanic or Latino	30	32	39	55
American Indian or Alaska Native		30		
Asian	33	36	42	
Black or African American	18	19	26	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	30	36		
White	24	26	34	65
Mixed (two or more) races	27	31	39	65

10. Gender Breakdowns

Table A10.1
School Supports and Engagement by Gender

	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
School Environment								
Total school supports [‡]	56	55	50	48	51	49	54	52
Caring adults in school [‡]	62	65	53	57	58	58	65	62
High expectations-adults in school [‡]	79	79	69	66	72	66	76	63
Meaningful participation at school [‡]	28	22	27	21	24	24	21	32
School Connectedness†	67	67	64	64	51	52	60	52
Academic Motivation [†]	81	75	80	71	78	61	68	65
Parent Involvement in School [†]	60	56	53	47	44	42	62	44

[†]Average percent of respondents reporting "Agree" or "Strongly agree."

[‡]Average percent of respondents reporting "Pretty much true" or "Very much true."

Table A10.2
Select Perceived Safety, Harassment, Alcohol and Other Drug Use, and Mental Health Measures by Gender

	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Perceived Safety at School	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Feel safe or very safe at school	69	68	71	61	55	62	55	70
Harassment/Bullying at School								
During the past 12 months at school, have you been								
harassed/bullied for any of the six reasons	29	31	31	22	26	21	57	21
harassed/bullied for any reasons	39	41	37	32	30	25	62	24
Current ATOD Use								
During the past 30 days, did you								
have at least one drink of alcohol at school	1	0	1	1	4	2	5	0
use cigarettes	0	0	1	1	2	3	30	16
use electronic cigarettes	1	1	11	7	11	14	52	37
have at least one drink of alcohol	2	4	7	6	13	9	62	16
use marijuana	0	1	9	5	15	14	71	39
Mental Health								
Chronic sad or hopeless feelings, past 12 months	31	22	39	20	46	29	86	47

Alcohol and Other Drugs (AOD) Module

1. Module Sample

Table B1.1 Student Sample for AOD Module

1 0				
	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^A
Student Sample Size				
Target sample	418	462	430	101
Final number	374	422	363	58
Response Rate	89%	91%	84%	57%

Note: ^ANT includes continuation, community day, and other alternative school types.

2. Summary of Key Indicators

Table B2.1

Key Indicators of Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Grade 7	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %	Table
Alcohol and Marijuana Consumption Patterns					
Usually drank until felt it a lot	0	1	5	23	В3.3
Usually used marijuana or other drugs until felt it a lot	na	4	11	28	B3.4
Consequences of AOD Consumption					
Caused one or more problems	na	7	12	42	B4.2
Caused one or more dependency-related experiences	na	8	17	51	B4.3
Supports to Reduce AOD Use					
Very likely find help at school for quitting or reducing use	na	21	20	25	B5.2
Strong Personal Disapproval of AOD Use					
Having one or two drinks of any alcoholic beverage nearly every day	73	55	44	22	B7.1
Trying marijuana once or twice	67	38	19	7	B7.1
Using marijuana once a month or more	79	53	32	9	B7.1

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

3. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Marijuana Consumption Patterns

Table B3.1

Age of Onset – AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Alcohol (one full drink)				
Never	82	71	56	32
10 or under	10	8	9	12
11-12 years old	7	10	6	9
13-14 years old	1	11	12	25
15-16 years old	0	0	16	19
17 years or older	0	0	0	4
Marijuana (smoke, eat, or drink)				
Never	98	87	72	29
10 or under	0	2	1	2
11-12 years old	1	3	4	11
13-14 years old	0	8	8	32
15-16 years old	0	0	14	21
17 years or older	0	0	1	5
Any other illegal drug or pill to get "high"				
Never	99	96	92	52
10 or under	0	1	1	2
11-12 years old	0	1	1	7
13-14 years old	0	2	2	11
15-16 years old	0	0	4	23
17 years or older	0	0	1	5

Question HS/MS B.1, 4, 5: About how old were you the first time you tried any of these things?... A drink of an alcoholic beverage (other than a sip or two)... Marijuana (smoke, eat, or drink)... Any other illegal drug or pill to get "high."

Table B3.2

Age of Onset - Tobacco Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Smoked part or all of a cigarette				
Never	98	94	89	54
10 or under	1	3	2	2
11-12 years old	1	1	2	5
13-14 years old	0	2	3	16
15-16 years old	0	0	3	21
17 years or older	0	0	0	2
Electronic cigarette				
Never	96	80	69	32
10 or under	1	2	1	4
11-12 years old	3	4	2	11
13-14 years old	0	12	9	18
15-16 years old	0	1	17	32
17 years or older	0	1	1	4

Question HS/MS B.2, 3: About how old were you the first time you tried any of these things?... Part or all of a cigarette... An electronic cigarette (e-cigarette or vaping dvice).

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table B3.3
Usual Alcohol Consumption Level

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I don't drink alcohol	96	87	78	47
Just enough to feel it a little	4	10	11	12
Enough to feel it moderately	0	2	6	18
Until I feel it a lot or get really drunk	0	1	5	23

Question HS/MS B.6: If you drink alcohol, how much do you usually drink?

Table B3.4
Usual Marijuana Consumption Level

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I don't use drugs	na	90	77	37
Just enough to feel a little high	na	3	4	12
Enough to feel it moderately	na	3	8	23
Until I feel it a lot or get really high	na	4	11	28

Question HS B.7: If you use marijuana or other drugs, how "high" (stoned, faded, wasted, trashed) do you usually like to get?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table B3.5
E-Cigarette Consumption

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Have you ever used an e-cigarette or vaping device to consume any of the following? (Mark All That Apply.)				
I've never used an e-cigarette or vaping device	97	83	73	37
Nicotine or tobacco substitute	1	7	13	50
Marijuana or THC	0	7	14	48
Amphetamines, cocaine, or heroin	0	0	1	4
Alcohol	0	2	2	6
A flavored product without nicotine, alcohol, or other drug	2	11	17	33
Any other product or substance	1	2	2	7

Question HS B.30/MS B.24: Have you ever used an e-cigarette or vaping device to consume any of the following? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

4. Reasons for and Consequences of AOD Consumption

Table B4.1

Reasons for AOD Use in the Past 12 Months

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Does not apply, I haven't used alcohol, marijuana, or other drugs in the past 12 months	89	80	66	30
To experiment (try using)	4	6	12	16
To get high	0	6	17	53
To have a good time with friends	1	6	17	46
To fit in with a group you like	1	1	2	4
Because of boredom	1	5	10	35
To relax	0	7	18	56
To get away from problems	0	7	16	49
Because of anger or frustration	0	6	10	40
To get through the day	0	4	8	37
Because it made you feel better	1	5	14	47
To seek deeper insights and understanding	0	2	7	32
None of the above	12	7	7	2

Question HS B.8/MS B.7: Have you used alcoholic beverages, marijuana, or other drugs in the past 12 months for any of the following reasons? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table B4.2

Problems Caused by AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Doesn't apply; I've never used alcohol or drugs	na	83	71	37
I've used alcohol or drugs but never had any problems	na	11	19	28
Have problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health	na	3	5	12
Get into trouble or have problems with the police	na	2	1	14
Have money problems	na	1	3	4
Miss school	na	1	1	9
Have problems with schoolwork	na	1	3	0
Fight with others	na	1	1	4
Damage a friendship	na	2	3	9
Physically hurt or injure yourself	na	1	1	9
Have unwanted or unprotected sex	na	1	3	14
Forget what happened or pass out	na	2	6	19
Been suspended from school	na	0	2	11
One or more problems	na	7	12	42

Question HS B.9: Has using alcohol, marijuana, or other drugs ever caused you to have any of the following problems? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table B4.3

Alcohol or Other Drug Use Caused Negative Experiences

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11	NT %
Does not apply; I have not used alcohol or drugs	na	86	71	36
I use alcohol or drugs but have not experienced any of these things	na	7	14	22
Found you had to increase how much you use to have the same effect as before	na	2	7	25
Frequently spent a lot of time getting, using, or being hung over from using alcohol or other drugs	na	1	4	13
Used alcohol or drugs a lot more than you intended	na	1	6	24
Used alcohol or drugs when you were alone	na	4	11	38
Your use of alcohol or drugs often kept you from doing a normal activity	na	1	4	9
You didn't feel OK unless you had something to drink or used a drug	na	1	4	9
Thought about reducing or stopping use	na	3	10	27
Told yourself you were not going to use but found yourself using anyway	na	2	6	11
Spoke with someone about reducing or stopping use	na	2	2	5
Attended counseling, a program, or group to help you reduce or stop use	na	1	1	2
One or more negative experiences	na	8	17	51

Question HS B.10: If you use alcohol, marijuana, or another drug, have you had any of the following experiences? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table B4.4

Likelihood of Suspension, Expulsion, Transfer Because of AOD Use/Possession

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Very likely	na	48	54	52
Likely	na	27	21	18
Not likely	na	9	7	16
Don't know	na	16	19	14

Question HS B.13: In your opinion, how likely is it that a student will be suspended, expelled, or transferred if he or she is caught on school property using or possessing alcohol or other drugs?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

5. Supports to Reduce AOD Use

Table B5.1

Needed Counseling for Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No, I never used alcohol or other drugs	na	85	73	42
No, but I do use alcohol or other drugs	na	13	24	53
Yes, I have felt that I needed help	na	2	3	5

Question HS B.11: Have you ever felt that you needed help (such as counseling or treatment) for your alcohol or other drug use?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table B5.2

Likelihood of Finding Help at School for Quitting or Reducing Use

v c i v z c				
	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
Very likely	na	21	20	25
Likely	na	32	29	27
Not likely	na	19	24	15
Don't know	na	27	27	33

Question HS B.12: In your opinion, how likely is it that a student could find help at your school from a counselor, teacher, or other adult to stop or reduce using alcohol or other drugs?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

na—Not asked of middle school students.

Table B5.3

Talked with Parent About AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	45	51	61	58
Yes	55	49	39	42

Question HS B.20/MS B.14: During the past 12 months, have you talked with at least one of your parents or guardians about the dangers of alcohol or drug use?

6. Availability

Table B6.1 Sources for Obtaining Alcohol

	Grade 7	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
At school	1	7	12	13
At parties	9	23	33	30
At concerts or other social events	2	7	15	18
At their own home	12	23	36	29
From adults at friends' homes	6	11	21	20
From friends or another teenager	11	26	34	38
Get adults to buy it for them	3	10	21	30
Buy it themselves from a store	3	9	18	32
At bars, clubs, or gambling casinos	1	3	4	9
Other	5	8	11	20
Don't know	85	64	55	46

Question HS B.15/MS B.9: How do most students at your school who drink alcohol usually get it? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table B6.2
Sources for Obtaining Marijuana

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
At school	2	18	33	27
At parties	6	18	31	36
At concerts or other social events	3	6	18	25
At their own home	5	17	25	39
From an adult acquaintance	5	15	23	30
From friends or another teenager	10	31	43	46
Buy it at a marijuana dispensary	2	9	18	36
At bars or clubs	1	3	5	14
Other	5	9	10	27
Don't know	88	63	52	45

Question HS B.16/MS B.10: How do most kids at your school who use marijuana usually get it? (Mark All That Apply.)

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

7. Influences on ATOD Use

Table B7.1

Personal Disapproval of AOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT %
Having one or two drinks of any alcoholic beverage nearly every day	70	70	<i>7</i> 0	70
Neither approve nor disapprove	16	34	40	58
Somewhat disapprove	10	11	16	20
Strongly disapprove	73	55	44	22
Trying marijuana once or twice				
Neither approve nor disapprove	16	41	61	87
Somewhat disapprove	17	21	20	6
Strongly disapprove	67	38	19	7
Using marijuana once a month or more regularly				
Neither approve nor disapprove	14	34	54	78
Somewhat disapprove	8	13	14	13
Strongly disapprove	79	53	32	9

Question HS B.17-19/MS B.11-13: How do you feel about someone your age doing the following?... Having one or two drinks of any alcoholic beverage nearly every day... Trying marijuana once or twice... Using marijuana once a month or more regularly.

Table B7.2

Parent Disapproval of ATOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Take one or two drinks of alcohol nearly every day				
Very wrong	88	83	80	60
Wrong	7	11	11	15
A little wrong	5	4	7	16
Not at all wrong	1	3	2	9
Smoke tobacco				
Very wrong	95	88	84	67
Wrong	4	9	12	15
A little wrong	1	1	2	9
Not at all wrong	0	2	3	9
Use marijuana				
Very wrong	94	84	76	41
Wrong	4	9	13	9
A little wrong	2	5	7	24
Not at all wrong	1	2	4	26
Use prescription drugs to get high or for reasons other than prescribed				
Very wrong	97	90	85	76
Wrong	2	6	10	17
A little wrong	1	2	3	2
Not at all wrong	0	2	2	6

Question HS B.22-25/MS B.16-19: How wrong do your parents or guardians feel it would be for you to do the following?... Take one or two drinks of alcohol nearly every day... Smoke tobacco... Use marijuana (smoke, eat, or drink)... Use prescription drugs to get high or for reasons other than prescribed.

Table B7.3

Peer Disapproval of ATOD Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Take one or two drinks of alcohol nearly every day				
Very wrong	74	55	54	43
Wrong	20	23	24	11
A little wrong	5	14	11	15
Not at all wrong	1	8	11	31
Smoke tobacco				
Very wrong	79	59	63	46
Wrong	16	23	19	13
A little wrong	4	11	9	13
Not at all wrong	1	6	9	28
Use marijuana				
Very wrong	78	52	42	26
Wrong	16	19	16	6
A little wrong	5	16	20	15
Not at all wrong	1	12	22	53
Use prescription drugs to get high or for reasons other than prescribed				
Very wrong	81	62	61	46
Wrong	14	21	19	13
A little wrong	4	10	11	17
Not at all wrong	1	8	9	24

Question HS B.26-29/MS B.20-23: How wrong would your close friends feel it would be if you did the following?... Take one or two drinks of alcohol nearly every day... Smoke tobacco... Use marijuana (smoke, eat, or drink)... Use prescription drugs to get high or for reasons other than prescribed.

Table B7.4

Heard, Read, or Watched Any Anti-ATOD Messages, Past 12 Months

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
No	12	24	38	45
Yes	88	76	62	55

Question HS B.21/MS B.15: During the past 12 months, have you heard, read, or watched any messages about not using alcohol, tobacco, or drugs?

8. School Suspension

Table B8.1 Suspension from School, Past 12 Month

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	96	92	95	75
Yes	4	8	5	25

Question HS B.14/MS B.8: In the past 12 months, have you been suspended from school one or more times? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Drug Free Communities (DFC) Module

1. Module Sample

Table G1.1
Student Sample for DFC Module

1 0				
	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^A
Student Sample Size				
Target sample	418	462	430	101
Final number	366	409	350	54
Response Rate	88%	89%	81%	53%

 $Note: {}^{A}NT \ includes \ continuation, \ community \ day, \ and \ other \ alternative \ school \ types.$

2. Prescription Drug Use

Table G2.1

Prescription Drug Use, Past 30 Days

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No	99	96	94	83
Yes	1	4	6	17

Question HS/MS G.2: During the past 30 days, have you used prescription drugs not prescribed to you? Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

3. Disapproval of Prescription Drug Use

Table G3.1

Parental Disapproval of Prescription Drug Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Very wrong	88	85	82	70
Wrong	10	10	9	17
A little wrong	1	3	5	6
Not at all wrong	1	2	3	8

Question HS/MS G.4: How wrong do your parents feel it would be for you to use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table G3.2

Peer Disapproval of Prescription Drug Use

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
	%	%	%	%
Very wrong	66	56	58	31
Wrong	26	27	24	22
A little wrong	7	11	11	24
Not at all wrong	1	6	7	22

Question HS/MS G.5: How wrong do your friends feel it would be for you to use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?

4. Perceived Harm from Marijuana and Prescription Drug Use

Table G4.1

Perceived Risks Associated with Marijuana and Prescription Drug Use

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Smoke marijuana once or twice a week				
Great risk	56	40	26	17
Moderate risk	30	33	28	15
Slight risk	9	19	26	17
No risk	5	9	21	51
Use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them				
Great risk	73	68	62	43
Moderate risk	20	21	24	34
Slight risk	3	7	8	11
No risk	4	4	6	11

Question HS/MS G.1, 3: How much do you think people risk harming themselves physically or in other ways if they smoke marijuana once or twice a week?... How much do you think people risk harming themselves physically or in other ways if they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them?

Military Connected School Module

1. Module Sample

Table J1.1
Student Sample for Military Connected School Module

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^A
Student Sample Size				
Target sample	418	462	430	101
Final number	377	429	366	59
Response Rate	90%	93%	85%	58%

Note: ^ANT includes continuation, community day, and other alternative school types.

2. Family Military Connections and Supports

Table J2.1
Family Military Connections

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Do you have someone in your family who is currently in the military?				
No	52	58	61	71
Yes	43	37	35	24
Don't know	5	5	4	5
Do you have someone in your family who is in the military now or sometime in the last 10 years?				
No	39	48	54	60
Yes	49	41	40	31
Don't know	13	11	6	9
Who in your family is currently in the military? (You can mark more than one answer if you have more than one family member in the military.) †				
No one in my family is in the military	45	53	60	71
Father	26	19	15	10
Mother	9	5	5	5
Brother or sister	5	4	5	9
Grandparent or other relative	20	22	15	9
Don't know	8	6	5	5

Question HS/MS J.1, 2, 39: Do you have someone in your family (like a parent, grandparent, brother, sister) who is currently in the military (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, National Guard, or Reserves)?... Who in your family is currently in the military (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, National Guard, or Reserves)? (You can mark more than one answer if you have more than one family member in the military.)... Do you have someone in your family (like a parent, grandparent, brother, sister) who is in the military now or sometime in the last 10 years?

Notes: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents. †Total percentages may exceed 100% for "mark all that apply" items.

Table J2.2
Family Support

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
My family is very close and we support each other.	70	70	70	70
Not at all true	4	5	7	25
A little true	8	13	15	19
Pretty much true	28	28	30	20
Very much true	59	53	46	32
Don't know	1	1	1	3
My family gets support from relatives and friends.				
Not at all true	3	7	9	22
A little true	11	11	17	22
Pretty much true	25	25	28	14
Very much true	55	56	44	40
Don't know	6	2	3	2
I feel supported by other families in my community.				
Not at all true	13	12	20	31
A little true	21	25	21	9
Pretty much true	27	27	27	21
Very much true	32	32	27	38
Don't know	7	5	5	2

Question HS/MS J.4-6: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... My family is very close and we support each other... My family gets support from relatives and friends... I feel supported by other families in my community.

Table J2.3

Military Support

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT %
I feel that my family makes an important sacrifice for our country because we are in the military.				, -
No one in my family is in the military	47	57	61	67
Not true	3	4	3	7
A little true	9	8	10	3
Pretty much true	11	9	9	7
Very much true	21	14	11	9
Don't know	9	6	6	7
The military is doing many things to help my family.				
No one in my family is in the military	37	50	57	60
Not true	3	4	6	12
A little true	10	10	10	0
Pretty much true	15	14	10	12
Very much true	23	14	9	7
Don't know	12	7	7	9
I feel that other military families support me and my family.				
No one in my family is in the military	35	51	59	60
Not true	6	8	7	11
A little true	9	9	10	7
Pretty much true	15	9	7	9
Very much true	17	14	7	4
Don't know	17	10	11	11

Question HS/MS J.34-36: How true is each of these sentences?... I feel that my family makes an important sacrifice for our country because we are in the military... The military is doing many things to help my family... I feel that other military families support me and my family.

Table J2.4

Perceived Lack of Appreciation

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Sometimes I feel that my teachers do not appreciate the sacrifices my family makes for our country because we are in the military.				
No one in my family is in the military	47	58	62	72
Not true	26	24	19	16
A little true	7	4	4	2
Pretty much true	2	2	0	3
Very much true	2	2	2	0
Don't know	17	11	12	7

Question HS/MS J.37: How true is each of these sentences?... Sometimes I feel that my teachers do not appreciate the sacrifices my family makes for our country because we are in the military.

3. Perceived Personal Strengths

Table J3.1

Perceived Responsibilities

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I feel that I have more responsibilities at home than my friends.				
Not at all true	26	25	26	29
A little true	20	20	21	19
Pretty much true	16	15	16	14
Very much true	30	34	32	34
Don't know	8	5	5	3

Question HS/MS J.7: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I feel that I have more responsibilities at home (like chores) than my friends.

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J3.2

Perceived Internal Strengths

	Grade 7 Grade 9	Grade 11	NT	
	%	%	%	%
I am more independent than many of my friends.				
Not at all true	10	10	13	14
A little true	27	21	21	9
Pretty much true	20	24	23	26
Very much true	26	33	39	48
Don't know	17	12	5	3
I know how to solve problems in my life better than most of my friends.				
Not at all true	9	9	11	16
A little true	24	21	16	10
Pretty much true	24	22	26	28
Very much true	27	37	40	41
Don't know	16	12	7	5

Question HS/MS J.9, 10: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I am more independent than many of my friends... I know how to solve problems in my life better than most of my friends. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J3.3
Interest in Helping Others

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I am more interested in volunteering and helping others than are many of my friends.				
Not at all true	21	23	20	34
A little true	30	28	27	29
Pretty much true	19	21	25	10
Very much true	13	18	18	16
Don't know	17	10	10	10

Question HS/MS J.11: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I am more interested in volunteering and helping others than are many of my friends.

4. School Connections and Peer Relationships

Table J4.1

School Connections				
	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Adults in this school respect my family.	70	70	70	70
Not at all true	5	11	9	9
A little true	9	14	14	10
Pretty much true	21	21	28	28
Very much true	27	23	17	28
Don't know	38	32	31	26
I have a hard time paying attention in school.				
Not at all true	39	37	26	19
A little true	39	40	42	24
Pretty much true	13	12	13	24
Very much true	7	10	16	26
Don't know	2	0	3	7
My parents help me with my school work.				
Not at all true	14	28	44	56
A little true	27	29	28	16
Pretty much true	25	20	15	11
Very much true	32	22	11	14
Don't know	2	1	2	4
My parents come to school to meet my teachers or to attend events.				
Not at all true	23	33	45	48
A little true	26	23	22	21
Pretty much true	17	19	14	10
Very much true	25	22	16	9
Don't know	9	4	4	12

Question HS/MS J.13-16: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... Adults in this school respect my family... I have a hard time paying attention in school... My parents help me with my school work... My parents come to school to meet my teachers or to attend events (like parent nights, sports events, plays, or concerts).

Table J4.2

Peer Difficulties

33	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Other students in school do not really understand my family life.	70	70	70	70
Not at all true	23	26	24	16
A little true	20	23	19	9
Pretty much true	19	16	22	17
Very much true	18	23	21	40
Don't know	20	12	14	19
I have a hard time making friends because I have to change schools often.				
Not at all true	80	81	79	66
A little true	11	9	8	7
Pretty much true	2	5	5	10
Very much true	5	3	4	9
Don't know	2	2	3	9

Question HS/MS J.17, 18: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... Other students in school do not really understand my family life... I have a hard time making friends because I have to change schools often.

5. Emotional Competence

Table J5.1 Family Pride

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I feel proud of my family.				
Not at all true	2	4	6	14
A little true	5	8	11	22
Pretty much true	18	18	22	19
Very much true	73	69	60	41
Don't know	2	2	2	3

Question HS/MS J.3: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I feel proud of my family. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J5.2

Positive Affect

Last 30 days, how often did you	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
feel full of energy?				
None of the time	6	8	13	10
A little of the time	14	18	19	31
Some of the time	31	30	32	43
Most of the time	30	29	26	5
All of the time	18	13	7	5
Don't know	2	2	2	5
feel happy?				
None of the time	3	3	6	11
A little of the time	7	12	16	32
Some of the time	21	23	25	30
Most of the time	45	42	37	14
All of the time	23	19	14	9
Don't know	1	1	2	5

Question HS/MS J.19, 20: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel full of energy?... feel happy? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J5.2

Positive Affect – Continued

Last 30 days, how often did you	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT
feel proud?	%	%	%	<u>%</u>
None of the time	6	7	13	22
A little of the time	14	16	17	14
Some of the time	29	29	33	34
Most of the time	23	25	24	12
All of the time	26	21	12	10
Don't know	20	2	2	7
feel good about life?	<i>L</i>			
None of the time	5	7	8	16
A little of the time	9	12	15	29
Some of the time	16	22	27	31
Most of the time	28	29	28	9
All of the time	38	28	20	10
Don't know	2	2	1	5
feel excited?				
None of the time	5	6	10	16
A little of the time	12	15	19	28
Some of the time	34	35	36	30
Most of the time	30	24	23	12
All of the time	17	19	11	9
Don't know	2	1	1	5
feel strong?				
None of the time	7	8	10	24
A little of the time	13	14	16	17
Some of the time	19	27	31	22
Most of the time	27	22	23	21
All of the time	32	27	18	10
Don't know	2	2	2	5

Question HS/MS J.23, 25, 28, 30: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel proud?... feel good about life?... feel excited?... feel strong?

Table J5.3 Negative Affect

Last 30 days, how often did you	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
feel like everything is hard to do?	70	70	70	70
None of the time	19	19	13	12
A little of the time	42	37	31	28
Some of the time	24	25	25	18
Most of the time	11	11	16	21
All of the time	4	7	12	16
Don't know	1	1	2	5
feel like nothing makes you happy?				
None of the time	55	47	42	21
A little of the time	23	24	25	24
Some of the time	10	14	16	17
Most of the time	5	8	12	16
All of the time	4	5	5	16
Don't know	2	2	1	7
feel restless, cannot stay still in one place?				
None of the time	25	26	21	14
A little of the time	21	23	23	18
Some of the time	22	21	22	28
Most of the time	12	13	18	19
All of the time	18	13	14	16
Don't know	3	3	2	5

Question HS/MS J.21, 22, 24: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel like everything is hard to do?... feel like nothing makes you happy?... feel restless, cannot stay still in one place?

Table J5.3

Negative Affect – Continued

Last 30 days, how often did you	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
feel nervous?		·	·	-
None of the time	15	12	12	26
A little of the time	28	30	25	19
Some of the time	33	30	29	11
Most of the time	14	14	17	16
All of the time	10	12	15	23
Don't know	1	2	1	5
feel that you do not have much hope?				
None of the time	52	50	41	24
A little of the time	23	19	20	16
Some of the time	14	15	18	16
Most of the time	5	7	11	19
All of the time	5	5	8	16
Don't know	2	4	2	10
feel like you are not important?				
None of the time	52	45	37	21
A little of the time	21	18	21	19
Some of the time	9	15	18	12
Most of the time	9	9	11	14
All of the time	8	11	12	28
Don't know	1	2	2	7

Question HS/MS J.26, 27, 29: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel nervous?... feel that you do not have much hope?... feel like you are not important?

Table J5.4
Worry About a Family Member Deployed Outside USA

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
No one in my family is in the military	45	59	62	74
Not true	13	11	11	9
A little true	8	7	7	2
Pretty much true	9	7	6	7
Very much true	15	9	8	3
Don't know	10	7	7	5

Question HS/MS J.38: How true is each of these sentences?... I worry about a family member who is serving in the military outside the USA.

6. Family Relocation and Deployment

Table J6.1
Family Relocation and Impact on Schooling

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
In the last five years, how many times did you change your school because your family had to move?				
I did not change schools	46	56	64	40
Once	24	22	20	21
Twice	13	11	8	16
Three times	10	5	5	7
Four times	3	2	1	10
More than four times	2	1	1	5
Don't know	3	3	2	2
If you changed schools, did you have any difficulties because your course credit earned at your previous school was not counted in your new school?				
I did not change schools	44	55	63	38
I did not have any problems.	26	24	16	16
I had minor problems.	7	9	13	22
I had serious problems when I changed schools.	2	2	2	9
Don't know	20	10	6	16

Question HS/MS J.31, 32: In the last five years, how many times did you change your school because your family had to move?... If you changed schools, did you have any difficulties because your course credit earned at your previous school was not counted in your new school?

Table J6.2

Deployment of Family Members Outside USA, Last 10 Years

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
Never	49	57	65	68
Once	10	10	9	2
Twice or more	28	22	17	18
Don't know	13	10	9	13

Question HS/MS J.33: As far as you can remember, how many times in the last 10 years did any member of your family leave home and serve (deploy) outside the USA?

Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J6.3

Travel Experience

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
I have traveled a lot and have seen many interesting places.				
Not at all true	13	14	19	19
A little true	26	21	21	36
Pretty much true	19	18	21	19
Very much true	39	46	38	24
Don't know	2	1	2	2

Question HS/MS J.8: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I have traveled a lot and have seen many interesting places.

7. Future Plans

Table J7.1

Desire to Join Military

	Grade 7 %	Grade 9 %	Grade 11 %	NT %
When I grow up, I would like to join the military.				
Not at all true	58	62	66	66
A little true	14	14	13	14
Pretty much true	5	4	6	7
Very much true	10	9	8	7
Don't know	13	11	7	7

Question HS/MS J.12: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... When I grow up, I would like to join the military (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, National Guard, or Reserves).

8. Disaggregated Results by Military-Connected Family Status

Table J8.1
Student Sample for Military Connected School Module, by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^A
Student Sample				
Military-connected family	114	91	70	6
Non-military-connected family (other)	263	338	296	53

Notes: Military-connected students are respondents who report that either or both their father or mother is currently in the military. Non-military-connected or other students are respondents who provide data to the Military Connected School Module but indicate that neither their father nor mother is currently in the military.

^ANT includes continuation, community day, and other alternative school types.

Table J8.2 Family Support by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	ade 7	Gra	ade 9	Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
My family is very close and we support each other.								
Not at all true	4	4	8	4	6	8		23
A little true	8	8	9	15	16	15		21
Pretty much true	34	26	29	27	29	31		21
Very much true	54	60	55	53	48	45		32
Don't know	0	2	0	1	1	1		4
My family gets support from relatives and friends.								
Not at all true	3	3	9	6	7	9		23
A little true	12	11	8	12	26	15		21
Pretty much true	25	25	19	26	23	29		13
Very much true	56	54	65	54	41	44		40
Don't know	4	6	0	2	3	3		2
I feel supported by other families in my community.								
Not at all true	19	11	10	12	29	18		31
A little true	19	21	19	26	13	23		10
Pretty much true	26	28	32	25	27	26		21
Very much true	30	33	34	31	27	27		37
Don't know	6	7	5	5	4	5		2

Question HS/MS J.4-6: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... My family is very close and we support each other... My family gets support from relatives and friends... I feel supported by other families in my community. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.3

Perceived Responsibilities by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7		Grade 7 Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
I feel that I have more responsibilities at home than my friends.								
Not at all true	23	27	23	26	20	28		28
A little true	14	22	24	19	23	21		17
Pretty much true	17	16	14	16	16	16		15
Very much true	38	27	33	34	37	30		36
Don't know	8	8	5	5	4	5		4

Question HS/MS J.7: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I feel that I have more responsibilities at home (like chores) than my friends.

Table J8.4

Perceived Internal Strengths by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	ide 7	Gra	ade 9	Gra	de 11	N	lТ
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
I am more independent than many of my friends.								
Not at all true	5	12	16	9	9	14		15
A little true	32	26	12	23	23	20		9
Pretty much true	16	21	28	23	21	23		26
Very much true	32	23	34	33	43	38		45
Don't know	16	18	10	12	4	5		4
I know how to solve problems in my life better than most of my friends.								
Not at all true	9	10	9	9	10	11		17
A little true	22	25	18	22	16	17		11
Pretty much true	19	26	22	22	27	26		26
Very much true	32	24	41	36	39	40		40
Don't know	18	16	11	12	9	6		6

Question HS/MS J. 9, 10: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I am more independent than many of my friends... I know how to solve problems in my life better than most of my friends.

Table J8.5
Interest in Helping Others by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7		Grade 7 Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
I am more interested in volunteering and helping others than are many of my friends.								
Not at all true	26	19	19	24	16	21		36
A little true	24	33	23	29	28	27		28
Pretty much true	21	17	23	20	25	25		11
Very much true	16	12	24	16	17	19		15
Don't know	13	19	10	10	14	9		9

Question HS/MS J.11: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I am more interested in volunteering and helping others than are many of my friends.

Table J8.6
School Connections by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	nde 7	Gra	ade 9	Gra	de 11	1	ЛТ
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
Adults in this school respect my family.	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
2 0		_						
Not at all true	6	5	9	11	13	8		9
A little true	6	10	11	14	15	14		11
Pretty much true	23	21	21	21	25	29		25
Very much true	25	28	27	22	16	17		28
Don't know	40	37	31	32	31	31		26
I have a hard time paying attention in school.								
Not at all true	36	40	39	36	33	24		17
A little true	39	39	38	41	30	44		26
Pretty much true	16	12	10	13	14	13		25
Very much true	8	7	13	10	20	15		25
Don't know	2	2	0	1	1	3		8
My parents help me with my school work.								
Not at all true	15	14	24	29	36	46		54
A little true	22	29	24	30	25	29		17
Pretty much true	28	24	21	20	22	13		10
Very much true	34	31	29	20	17	10		15
Don't know	1	2	1	1	0	3		4

Question HS/MS J.13-16: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... Adults in this school respect my family... I have a hard time paying attention in school... My parents help me with my school work... My parents come to school to meet my teachers or to attend events (like parent nights, sports events, plays, or concerts).

Table J8.6
School Connections by Military-Connected Family Status – Continued

	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
My parents come to school to meet my teachers or to attend events.								
Not at all true	18	25	24	35	42	45		45
A little true	27	26	18	24	22	22		23
Pretty much true	18	17	21	18	14	14		11
Very much true	32	22	33	19	22	15		9
Don't know	4	11	3	4	0	4		11

Question HS/MS J.13-16: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... Adults in this school respect my family... I have a hard time paying attention in school... My parents help me with my school work... My parents come to school to meet my teachers or to attend events (like parent nights, sports events, plays, or concerts).

Table J8.7

Peer Difficulties by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	ide 7	Gra	ade 9	Grae	de 11	N	ЛТ
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
Other students in school do not really understand my family life.	<u>%</u>	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Not at all true	23	24	22	27	25	24		9
A little true	25	18	26	22	22	19		9
Pretty much true	13	21	16	16	21	22		19
Very much true	17	18	26	22	15	22		42
Don't know	23	19	10	13	18	13		21
I have a hard time making friends because I have to change schools often.								
Not at all true	59	89	55	88	55	85		68
A little true	24	5	22	6	17	6		6
Pretty much true	4	2	13	3	10	4		11
Very much true	13	1	9	1	14	2		6
Don't know	0	3	1	2	3	3		9

Question HS/MS J.17, 18: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... Other students in school do not really understand my family life... I have a hard time making friends because I have to change schools often.

Table J8.8 Family Pride by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7		Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other		
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%		
I feel proud of my family.										
Not at all true	4	2	8	2	6	5		15		
A little true	7	4	7	8	15	10		17		
Pretty much true	18	18	14	19	15	23		21		
Very much true	70	75	71	68	62	60		42		
Don't know	2	2	0	2	3	2		4		

Question HS/MS J.3: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I feel proud of my family.

Table J8.9
Positive Affect by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gr	ade 7	Gr	ade 9	Gra	de 11	1	ΝΤ
	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %
In the last 30 days, how often did you								
feel full of energy?								
None of the time	9	5	9	8	16	13		9
A little of the time	16	13	16	19	13	21		30
Some of the time	24	34	34	29	28	33		43
Most of the time	25	32	27	29	35	24		6
All of the time	25	14	11	13	9	7		6
Don't know	1	2	2	1	0	3		6
feel happy?								
None of the time	4	3	1	4	6	6		10
A little of the time	4	8	12	13	12	17		31
Some of the time	26	19	31	21	22	25		31
Most of the time	39	48	40	42	39	37		13
All of the time	27	21	15	19	22	12		10
Don't know	1	1	1	1	0	2		6

Question HS/MS J.19, 20: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel full of energy?... feel happy?

Table J8.9
Positive Affect by Military-Connected Family Status – Continued

	Gr	ade 7	Gr	ade 9	Gra	de 11	N	NT
	Mil. %	Other %						
In the last 30 days, how often did you								
feel proud?								
None of the time	6	6	10	7	16	12		19
A little of the time	20	11	11	17	12	18		13
Some of the time	24	32	33	28	38	31		38
Most of the time	18	25	25	24	18	26		13
All of the time	30	25	20	21	16	11		9
Don't know	3	2	0	2	0	2		8
feel good about life?								
None of the time	7	5	8	7	12	7		13
A little of the time	11	8	11	12	10	16		30
Some of the time	11	18	20	22	23	28		32
Most of the time	26	29	34	28	33	26		9
All of the time	43	37	25	29	22	20		9
Don't know	1	3	2	2	0	2		6

Question HS/MS J.23, 25: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel proud?... feel good about life? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.9
Positive Affect by Military-Connected Family Status – Continued

	Gr	ade 7	Gr	ade 9	Gra	de 11	ı	NT
	Mil. %	Other %						
In the last 30 days, how often did you								
feel excited?								
None of the time	4	5	8	5	10	10		12
A little of the time	13	12	20	13	13	21		31
Some of the time	37	33	27	37	39	35		31
Most of the time	22	33	26	24	26	22		12
All of the time	23	15	18	19	12	11		10
Don't know	2	2	1	1	0	1		6
feel strong?								
None of the time	10	5	11	7	10	10		23
A little of the time	11	14	11	15	14	17		17
Some of the time	17	20	27	27	33	30		23
Most of the time	22	29	23	21	25	22		21
All of the time	38	29	24	28	16	19		11
Don't know	3	2	3	2	1	2		6

Question HS/MS J.28, 30: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel excited?... feel strong?

Table J8.10

Negative Affect by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	ade 7	Gra	ade 9	Gra	de 11	ı	NT
	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %
In the last 30 days, how often did you								
feel like everything is hard to do?								
None of the time	21	18	18	19	14	13		12
A little of the time	39	43	34	38	35	30		29
Some of the time	22	25	31	23	25	25		17
Most of the time	14	9	10	11	17	16		23
All of the time	5	4	5	8	9	13		13
Don't know	0	2	2	1	0	2		6
feel like nothing makes you happy?								
None of the time	55	55	46	48	43	42		21
A little of the time	18	25	28	24	30	23		25
Some of the time	13	9	14	13	10	17		19
Most of the time	7	4	7	8	13	11		13
All of the time	4	4	4	5	3	5		15
Don't know	2	3	1	2	0	1		8

Question HS/MS J.21, 22: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel like everything is hard to do?... feel like nothing makes you happy? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.10

Negative Affect by Military-Connected Family Status – Continued

	Gra	ade 7	Gra	ade 9	Gra	de 11	1	NT
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
In the last 30 days, how often did you	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
feel restless, cannot stay still in one place?								
None of the time	23	26	21	27	30	19		13
A little of the time	18	22	19	24	22	23		15
Some of the time	21	22	30	19	19	23		31
Most of the time	13	12	13	13	17	18		19
All of the time	23	16	14	13	12	15		15
Don't know	2	3	3	3	0	3		6
feel nervous?								
None of the time	18	14	9	12	7	13		27
A little of the time	23	31	22	32	28	25		21
Some of the time	31	33	36	29	29	29		12
Most of the time	19	12	19	12	21	16		12
All of the time	9	10	10	13	15	15		23
Don't know	0	1	3	2	0	2		6

Question HS/MS J.24, 26: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel restless, cannot stay still in one place?... feel nervous? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.10

Negative Affect by Military-Connected Family Status – Continued

	Gr	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	Mil. %	Other %	
In the last 30 days, how often did you									
feel that you do not have much hope?									
None of the time	54	51	47	51	48	40		25	
A little of the time	22	23	17	19	20	20		15	
Some of the time	9	16	19	14	13	19		17	
Most of the time	7	4	8	7	12	11		19	
All of the time	7	3	6	5	6	9		13	
Don't know	1	2	4	3	1	2		11	
feel like you are not important?									
None of the time	51	52	33	48	40	36		21	
A little of the time	24	20	21	18	16	22		19	
Some of the time	11	8	18	15	18	18		13	
Most of the time	5	11	13	8	18	9		13	
All of the time	10	7	13	10	9	13		26	
Don't know	0	2	2	2	0	2		8	

Question HS/MS J.27, 29: In the last 30 days, how often did you... feel that you do not have much hope?... feel like you are not important? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.11
Family Relocation and Impact on Schooling by Military-Connected Family Status

	Gra	ade 7	Gra	ade 9	Gra	de 11	1	VT
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
In the last five years, how many times did you change your school because your family had to move?								
I did not change schools	12	61	29	64	38	70		43
Once	38	18	28	20	23	19		21
Twice	18	10	20	8	20	5		15
Three times	19	5	13	3	10	3		6
Four times	6	2	7	0	1	0		8
More than four times	4	1	0	1	4	0		6
Don't know	3	3	3	3	3	2		2
If you changed schools, did you have any difficulties because your course credit earned at your previous school was not counted in your new school?								
I did not change schools	12	58	27	62	38	69		42
I did not have any problems.	34	23	36	21	28	14		17
I had minor problems.	12	5	22	5	25	10		21
I had serious problems when I changed schools.	5	1	6	1	0	2		6
Don't know	37	13	10	10	10	5		15

Question HS/MS J.31, 32: In the last five years, how many times did you change your school because your family had to move?... If you changed schools, did you have any difficulties because your course credit earned at your previous school was not counted in your new school? Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.12 Deployment of Family Members Outside USA by Military-Connected Family Status, Last 10 Years

	Grade 7		Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other		
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Never	14	65	12	70	16	76		75		
Once	15	7	17	9	19	7		2		
Twice or more	60	14	59	12	56	8		10		
Don't know	11	14	12	9	9	9		14		

Question HS/MS J.33: As far as you can remember, how many times in the last 10 years did any member of your family leave home and serve (deploy) outside the USA?

Table J8.13

Travel Experience by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
I have traveled a lot and have seen many interesting								
places.								
Not at all true	8	16	7	17	13	20		21
A little true	19	29	16	23	13	22		40
Pretty much true	11	23	11	19	21	21		19
Very much true	60	30	66	41	50	35		19
Don't know	2	2	0	1	3	1		2

Question HS/MS J.8: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... I have traveled a lot and have seen many interesting places. Note: Cells are empty if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table J8.14

Desire to Join Military in the Future by Military-Connected Family Status

	Grade 7		Grade 9		Grade 11		NT	
	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other	Mil.	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
When I grow up, I would like to join the military.								
Not at all true	39	66	51	65	57	68		64
A little true	20	12	19	13	17	12		15
Pretty much true	9	3	6	4	7	6		8
Very much true	19	6	14	7	16	6		6
Don't know	12	13	10	11	3	8		8

Question HS/MS J.12: How true is each of these sentences about you and your family?... When I grow up, I would like to join the military (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, National Guard, or Reserves).

Z. Travis Unified Custom Questions

1. Module Sample

Table Z1.1
Student Sample for Custom Questions

Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	NT^A
418	462	430	101
364	404	351	54
87%	87%	82%	53%
	418 364	418 462 364 404	418 462 430 364 404 351

Note: ANT includes continuation, community day, and other alternative school types.

2. Custom Questions

Table Z2.1 How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get alcohol from a store?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Very difficult	45	36	27	20	36
Fairly difficult	20	26	27	15	24
Fairly easy	7	10	16	26	12
Very easy	3	3	3	20	4
I don't know	24	25	27	19	25

Question HS/MS Z.1.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.2

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get an adult to buy alcohol for you?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th	11th	NT	Total
		%	%	%	%
Very difficult	34	17	12	11	21
Fairly difficult	22	24	18	9	21
Fairly easy	13	22	29	25	21
Very easy	5	10	13	34	11
I don't know	25	27	27	21	26

Question HS/MS Z.2.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.3

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get alcohol from older friends or siblings?

	Grade					
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %	
Very difficult	16	12	12	13	13	
Fairly difficult	19	10	7	0	11	
Fairly easy	26	32	29 26	26	29	
Very easy I don't know	13 26	21 25	26 27	41 20	21 26	

Question HS/MS Z.3.

Table Z2.4 How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get alcohol at a party or gathering?

	Grade				
	7th %	9th	11th	NT	Total
		%	%	%	%
Very difficult	14	9	10	11	11
Fairly difficult	14	7	5	0	8
Fairly easy	19	25	23	20	22
Very easy	27	35	37	50	34
I don't know	27	23	25	19	25

Question HS/MS Z.4.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.5

Do the parents of friends your age allow people your age to drink alcohol at parties or gatherings in their homes?

		Grade			
	7th	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Never	92	77	66	51	77
Sometimes	8	22	29	38	20
Often	1	1	5	11	3

Question HS/MS Z.5.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.6 Have you attended parties or gatherings in someone else's home where an adult knew that people your age were drinking alcohol?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Yes	7	15	26	43	17
No	93	85	74	57	83

Question HS/MS Z.6.

Table Z2.7

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get alcohol from home?

	Grade				
	7th %	9th	11th	NT	Total
		%	%	%	%
Very difficult	16	11	6	7	11
Fairly difficult	18	14	8	2	13
Fairly easy	22	24	32	39	26
Very easy	8	13	16	24	13
I don't know	37	38	38	28	37

Question HS/MS Z.7.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.8

Has a parent or another adult in your home ever given you an alcoholic drink at home WITH THEIR PER-MISSION?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Yes	13	26	35	59	26
No	87	74	65	41	74

Question HS/MS Z.8.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.9

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get marijuana at school?

	Grade				
	7th 9th 11th	NT	Total		
	%	%	%	%	%
Very difficult	49	20	14	24	27
Fairly difficult	15	13	7	2	12
Fairly easy	5	21	24	17	16
Very easy	2	12	25	44	14
I don't know	29	34	30	13	30

Question HS/MS Z.9.

Table Z2.10 How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get marijuana from older friends or siblings?

	Grade				
	7th	9th	11th	NT	Total
	%	%	%	%	%
Very difficult	21	14	9	13	15
Fairly difficult	20	11	5	4	12
Fairly easy	23	24	24	19	24
Very easy	7	17	28	46	19
I don't know	29	33	33	19	31

Question HS/MS Z.10.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.11 How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get marijuana at a party or gathering?

		Grade			
	7th	7th 9th 11th % %	11th	NT	Total
	%		%	%	%
Very difficult	18	12	8	11	13
Fairly difficult	16	9	3	2	9
Fairly easy	19	23	24	17	22
Very easy	16	22	32	49	25
I don't know	30	35	33	21	32

Question HS/MS Z.11.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.12

Do the parents of friends your age allow people your age to use marijuana at parties or gatherings in their homes?

		Grade			_
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Never	98	91	76	46	87
Sometimes	1	8	20	31	10
Often	1	2	4	22	3

Question HS/MS Z.12.

Table Z2.13

Has a parent or another adult in your home ever given you marijuana at home WITH THEIR PERMISSION?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Yes	2	7	11	40	8
No	98	93	89	60	92

Question HS/MS Z.13.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.14

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get marijuana from home?

	Grade				
	7th	9th	11th	NT	Total
	%	%	%	%	%
Very difficult	36	25	17	15	25
Fairly difficult	17	16	12	9	15
Fairly easy	10	15	19	19	15
Very easy	3	5	13	36	8
I don't know	34	39	40	21	37

Question HS/MS Z.14.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.15

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get marijuana from a medical marijuana dispensary?

	Grade				
	7th	7th 9th %	11th	NT	Total
	%		%	%	%
Very difficult	31	25	19	19	25
Fairly difficult	17	15	14	17	16
Fairly easy	10	12	15	11	12
Very easy	4	5	9	28	7
I don't know	38	44	43	25	41

Question HS/MS Z.15.

Table Z2.16

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get prescription drugs that were not prescribed to them from home?

	Grade					
	7th	9th	11th	NT	Total	
	%	%	%	%	%	
Very difficult	23	18	11	13	17	
Fairly difficult	17	12	9	9	12	
Fairly easy	17	18	20	23	18	
Very easy	6	8	9	21	8	
I don't know	37	45	51	34	44	

Question HS/MS Z.16.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.17

Have you attended parties or gatherings where people your age were using prescription drugs that were not prescribed to them?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Yes	2	9	10	43	9
No	98	91	90	57	91

Question HS/MS Z.17.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.18

How difficult would it be for students in your grade to get electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes or other vaping devices such as e-hookah, hookah pens, or vape pens?

	Grade				
	7th	9th	11th	NT	Total %
	%	%	%	%	
Very difficult	24	11	6	11	14
Fairly difficult	18	7	5	4	10
Fairly easy	14	21	21	15	19
Very easy	6	22	24	42	19
I don't know	38	39	43	28	39

Question HS/MS Z.18.

Table Z2.19

How much do you think people risk harming themselves physically or in other ways if they use electronic cigarettes, e-cigarettes, or other vaping devices such as e-hookah, hookah pens, or vape pens?

	Grade				
	7th	9th	11th	NT	Total
	%	%	%	%	%
Great risk	52	33	20	15	34
Moderate risk	26	24	20	12	23
Slight risk	4	14	20	38	14
No risk	1	4	4	13	4
I don't know	17	25	35	21	26

Question HS/MS Z.19.

Note: Columns are not displayed if there are less than 10 respondents.

Table Z2.20

Have you ever inhaled marijuana, hash or cannabis oil using an electronic cigarette, e-cigarette, or other vaping device such as a hookah pen or vape pen?

		Grade			
	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %	Total %
Yes	6	14	21	58	16
No	94	86	79	42	84

Question HS/MS Z.20.

Appendix I

2018-19 CHKS Secondary Survey Response Rates

Eligible Schools	7th %	9th %	11th %	NT %
Golden West Middle	91			
Travis Community Day				
Travis Education Center				72
Travis Independent Study				
Vanden High		94	87	

Notes: Response rates are presented by grade level. Eligible schools listed are based on CBEDS 2018-19 public school and 2017-18 enrollment data files. Directly funded charter schools have been excluded from the list.

Appendix II

CHKS Content Overview, 2018-19

This brief guide to key CHKS Core Module indicators is designed to help survey users more easily understand and interpret their findings. References are provided to the tables in CHKS reports where results for the indicators discussed can be found. References are also made to other relevant CHKS reports, factsheets, and resources that can be downloaded from the CalSCHLS website (calschls.org) for further information. What Works Briefs that provide guidance on best practices related to areas assessed by the survey are available from the California Safe and Supportive Schools website (californias3.wested.org/tools/wwb).

Special attention is directed toward indicators related to the requirements of California's Local Control and Accountability Plans (LCAP).² For a summary of state-level LCAP-related baseline CHKS data, see Factsheet #15.³

MAIN CONTENT FOCUS: SCHOOL CLIMATE AND THE NEEDS OF THE WHOLE CHILD

The main purpose of the CHKS Core Module is to assess indicators of school climate, pupil engagement, and student supports, all three key priorities required of Local Control and Accountability Plans. It seeks to provide schools with essential data to determine the degree to which they provide the conditions and supports that all youth need to succeed in school and developmentally thrive. Twenty-nine items assessing seven domains are used to calculate a School Climate Index (SCI) score that is included in a *School Climate Report Card* that districts can request at the district and school level.⁴ The items used in the SCI assess school connectedness, developmental supports (e.g., caring adult relationships), and safety, including bullying and victimization.

School climate, as measured by the CHKS, is strongly related to student performance on standardized academic tests. Data for high school students show that as CHKS SCI scores increased—as the schools became safer, more supportive, and more engaging—test performance increased as well.⁵

In a ground-breaking analysis, a positive school climate was a distinguishing characteristic of California secondary schools that "beat the odds" academically and consistently performed better on the state's standardized tests than *would be predicted* based on the characteristics of their students (i.e., comparing schools with similar student demographics). The higher (more positive) the CHKS SCI, the greater the probability there was for beating the odds. School climate was more strongly associated with beating the odds than a school's level of personnel resources.⁶

In addition, the CHKS Core Module provides data to help understand the degree to which schools address the needs of the Whole Child. CHKS data show that California secondary schools made greater progress

¹ To see how local results compare with state averages in California, download a copy of the latest Biennial State CHKS report (<u>calschls.org/reports-data/#biennial_statewide_student_reports</u>). The Biennial State data are derived from a randomly-selected, representative state sample. County level reports are also available on the CHKS website. Biennial State CHKS data can also be examined interactively on the CalSCHLS Data Dashboard (<u>calschls.org/reports-data/dashboard/</u>).

² For a guide to how CalSCHLS survey items align with LCAP indicator requirements, download Helpful Resources for Local Control and Accountability Plans at calschls.org/resources/#survey_content_guides.

³ Austin. (2016). Download calschls.org/docs/factsheet-15.pdf

⁴ See <u>calschls.org/reports-data/#slcr</u>

⁵ O'Malley & Hanson. (2012). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3factsheet3_API_20120716.pdf</u>

⁶ Voight, Austin, & Hanson. (2013). Download www.wested.org/online_pubs/hd-13-10.pdf

in raising standardized test scores over a one-year period when they had higher percentages of students who: (1) were less engaged in risky behaviors such as substance use and violence; (2) were more likely to eat nutritiously and exercise; and (3) reported experiencing caring adult relationships and high expectations at school.⁷ These results suggest that addressing the health and developmental needs of youth is a critical component of a comprehensive strategy for meeting accountability demands for improved academic performance.

GRADE-LEVEL PATTERNS

More than twenty years of survey administration has demonstrated that as youth progress through secondary school, they become: (1) less likely to feel connected to school and be academically motivated; and (2) more likely to report truancy, involvement in substance use, and chronic sadness and hopelessness. Here are some additional grade-level patterns in CHKS data:

- **Seventh graders** report the highest rates of harassment and victimization, as well as participation in a physical fight and seeing a weapon on campus.
- **Ninth graders** report the lowest rates of developmental support and perceived safety.
- Nontraditional (continuation school) students report risk behavior (e.g., binge drinking, fighting at school) prevalence rates at least twice those of 11th graders in traditional comprehensive high schools. They also exhibit lower perceived school safety, school connectedness, and developmental supports. Continuation school students are a highly vulnerable population in need of a wide range of academic, social, emotional, and behavioral supports and intervention services.

DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS AND POPULATION SUBGROUP DIFFERENCES (Section 3)

A wide range of indicators of the demographic and background characteristics of the survey respondents help users gain a better sense of how representative the survey sample is compared to the student population overall. They also enable users to analyze how survey results vary by important subgroups in the school and help them to identify, and target programs for, youth most in need. School districts can use these data to meet the LCAP requirement to demonstrate actions across state priorities in regard to socioeconomically disadvantaged students, English learners, and foster youth, as well as other indicators such as race/ethnicity, homeless youth, and LGBT youth.

In the standard CHKS report, breakdowns for selected key indicators are provided by race/ethnicity and gender. For selected key indicators, the CalSCHLS Data Dashboard (calschls.org/reports-data/dashboard/) can be used to display subgroup differences by gender, race/ethnicity, parental education, parent military status, homeless and migrant status, afterschool participation, gender identity, and sexual orientation. Results can also be displayed for English learners, free and reduced-priced meal eligible students, and foster youth-three important LCAP priority subgroups. Districts/schools can also request reports disaggregating all their results by demographic characteristics from their CalSCHLS Regional Center (call 888.841.7536 or email CalSCHLS@wested.org).

⁷ Hanson & Austin. (2003). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-3.pdf

⁸ In interpreting the results for 11th graders, note that many youth who are most disengaged and involved in high risk behaviors may have already dropped out of school or did not participate in the survey because of truancy or absenteeism.

⁹ Austin, Dixon, & Bailey. (2007). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-7.pdf

Racial-Ethnic Identification

Respondents self-report their identification with six racial/ethnic groups plus mixed (two or more) race. In one study of CHKS data, both academic performance and school well-being—the degree to which students feel safe at, supported by, and connected to the school—varied consistently and persistently across schools by racial/ethnic groupings. ¹⁰ They were lowest in schools with large proportions of African American and Hispanic students, as well as in low-income schools. Controlling for socioeconomic status and other school demographic characteristics reduced these racial/ethnic group differences, but they still remained. This suggests that school climate factors related to student well-being may also play a role in the racial-ethnic achievement gap. One strategy to close the gap may be to enhance learning supports that foster caring adult relationships, high expectations, meaningful participation, safety, and connectedness in schools serving large proportions of low-income African American and Hispanic students.

In the majority of cases, with notable exceptions for Asians, the racial/ethnic gaps in performance, engagement, perceived support, and safety are greater within-schools than between-schools. 11 African American, Latino, and Asian students feel less safe, engaged, and supported than their White peers within the same school. Inequities in these factors, for the various racial/ethnic groups, can possibly contribute to the achievement gap. Further, these findings suggest that practices designed to ensure equal access to academic resources, opportunities, learning supports, and promotion of common experiences may be effective in ameliorating the gap.

Foster Care Youth

Compared to youth who live with their parents, foster care youth report much higher rates of substance abuse, poor school attendance and grades, more violence-related behaviors, more harassment, and higher depression risk. ¹² They were also more likely to be low in caring adult relationships and total developmental support.

Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) youth are at elevated risk for bullying and violence victimization, mental health problems, drug and alcohol use, and exhibiting poor performance in school.¹³ For example, analysis of the latest Biennial CHKS data indicate that LGBT youth¹⁴ are:

- about 30 percentage points more likely than non-LGBT youth to experience harassment and bullying at school;
- 30-to-40 percentage points more likely to exhibit chronic sadness;
- 2-to-3 times more likely to smoke cigarettes, binge drink, and to have been drunk or high at school; and
- receive substantially fewer social supports from teachers and peers at school than their counterparts who do not identify as LGBT.

Because of such disparities, it is important to examine disparities across LGBT and non-LGBT youth to identify needs and support the development of practices that promote the healthy development and safety of all youth.

¹⁰ Austin, Hanson, Bono, & Zheng. (2008). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/factsheet_8.pdf</u>

¹¹ Hanson, Austin, & Li. (2012). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-13</u> <u>20120405.pdf</u>

¹² Austin, Jones, & Annon. (2007). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-6.pdf

¹³ Russell, S. T., & Fish, J. N. (2016). Mental health in lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) youth. *Annual Review of Clinical Psychology*, 12, 465-487.

¹⁴ See calschls.org/reports-data/dashboard/

SCHOOL PERFORMANCE, SUPPORTS, AND ENGAGEMENT (Section 4)

A major focus of the CHKS is providing data to gauge the level of pupil engagement, an LCAP state priority on which districts are required to show improvement. Enhancing student engagement has been identified as the key to addressing problems of low achievement, high levels of student misbehavior, alienation, and high dropout rates. ¹⁵ A 2009 Gallup study found that a one-percentage-point uptick in a school's average student engagement was connected to a six-point increase in reading achievement and eight points in math. ¹⁶ CHKS and other surveys consistently show that as youth progress through the school system, indicators of engagement decline.

It is important to look at engagement from three perspectives: behavioral, emotional, and cognitive. The CHKS provides data on all three types. As discussed below, the Academic Motivation scale and self-reported grades provide insight into cognitive engagement; the School Connectedness scale, into emotional engagement; attendance and truancy data, on behavioral engagement. Other behavioral engagement indicators on the survey include substance use at school and violence perpetration. Research shows that student engagement is malleable and that all three types are influenced by the level to which students perceive the school as having a positive environment.

The CHKS Developmental Supports scales provide insight into whether students experience in their school the three protective factors that characterize a positive school climate and are linked to school connectedness and positive academic, behavioral, and health outcomes. Other school climate factors assessed are the level of parent involvement and the quality of the school physical environment, both also LCAP priorities. The likelihood that students will be motivated and engaged is increased to the extent that their teachers, family, and friends effectively support their purposeful involvement in learning and in school.

Self-Reported Grades

The CHKS asks students to indicate what grades they mostly received in school in the past 12 months. Although self-reports are not as accurate as actual report card data, they provide a general sense of the school performance of the survey respondents from their self-perception. To learn more about the factors that might be causing poor performance, request a CHKS report showing how all the survey results vary by level of performance (call 888.841.7536 or email CalSCHLS@wested.org).

Academic Motivation

A four-item scale gauges student academic motivation by asking how strongly they agree that they try hard to do well on schoolwork, try hard because they are interested in the work, work hard to understand new things at school, and always try to do better. On the 2015-17 State CHKS, the percentage of students strongly agreeing with the questions on this scale declined from 45 percent in 7th grade to 28 percent in 11th.17

In order to achieve rigorous academic goals, students need not only a challenging and engaging curriculum, but they need to be emotionally connected to their learning. Student perceptions of the school environment and their degree of school connectedness influence their achievement motivation. But students may be behaviorally and/or emotionally invested in a given activity without actually exerting the

¹⁵ Wang, M-T, & Eccles, J. (2013). School context, achievement motivation, and academic engagement: A longitudinal study of school engagement using a multidimensional perspective. *Learning and Instruction*, 28, 12-23.

¹⁶ Gallop. (2014). Download <u>www.gallup.com/services/178769/state-america-schools-report.aspx</u>

¹⁷ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng. (2018). Download data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial State 1517.pdf

necessary mental effort to understand and master the knowledge, craft, or skill that the activity promotes. This scale provides insight into the overall level of that mental effort.

In addition, the supplementary School Climate Module includes an Academic Mindset and Learning Engagement scale and a series of questions about supports for learning and academic rigor.

Absenteeism and Truancy

Before good teachers with quality curriculums and engaging activities can improve academic performance, the students have to show up. The CHKS provides data to identify what proportion of respondents are at risk of chronic absenteeism (missed 3 or more of the past 30 school days), what were the reasons for absences, and the level of truancy. Users can request reports looking at the characteristics of youth based on absenteeism and truancy indicators to guide efforts to improve the LCAP pupil engagement priority (call 888.841.7536 or email CalSCHLS@wested.org).

Poor attendance is a marker of a wider variety of other problems, including low school connectedness and learning engagement. Both the US Department of Education and the California Office of the Attorney General have launched initiatives designed to raise awareness about and combat chronic absenteeism, generally defined as missing 10 percent of school days. According to a report by Attendance Works, the nation's large and persistent achievement gaps are rooted in a largely hidden crisis of chronic absenteeism, especially among low-income and minority children.¹⁸

Biennial State CHKS data indicate that the most important reasons for being absent in secondary school, after illness, are generally not getting enough sleep and anxiety or stress, followed by being behind in school work, and being bored or uninterested in school, another good indicator of disengagement.¹⁹

Truancy has been identified as one of the most powerful predictors of both poor achievement and delinquency. ²⁰ Truants are also more likely to use drugs and have deviant friends. Among high school staff statewide, truancy is the top-rated of fourteen potential school problems assessed by the California School Staff Survey.

Developmental Supports

Research shows that when schools (or families or communities) provide three developmental supports—caring adult relationships, high expectations, and opportunities for meaningful participation—students are more likely to report more positive academic, social-emotional, and health outcomes, including higher grades, school connectedness, attendance, and perceived safety. CHKS measures these supports using multi-item scales. Results overall suggest that the great majority of students do not receive sufficient levels of support and that the supports received are lower in high school than in middle school, even though student need for them is arguably higher. 21 22 23 24 25 26

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¹⁸ Attendance Works & Everyone Graduates Center. (2017, September). *Portraits of Change: Aligning School and Community Resources to Reduce Chronic Absence*. Download www.attendanceworks.org/portraits-of-change/

¹⁹ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng. (2018). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial_State_1517.pdf</u>

²⁰ Robins & Ratcliff. (1978). *Long Range Outcomes Associated With School Truancy*. Rockville, MD: Public Health Service (DHEW). Garry, E. M., & Department of Justice, Washington, DC. Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. (1996). *Truancy: First Step to a Lifetime of Problems*. Cairns, R. B., Cairns, B. D., & Neckerman, H. J. (1989). Early school dropout: Configurations and determinants. *Child Dev*, 60(6), 1437-52.

²¹ Hanson & Austin. (2002). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/factsheet.pdf</u>

²² Hanson & Austin. (2002). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-3.pdf

²³ Hanson. (2011). Download data.calschls.org/resources/S3factsheet1_caring_20120223.pdf

²⁴ Hanson. (2012). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3factsheet2_participation_20120224.pdf</u>

²⁵ O'Malley & Amarillas. (2011). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief1 CaringRelationships final.pdf</u>

²⁶ O'Malley & Amarillas, (2011), Download data, calschls.org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief2 MeaningfulPart final.pdf

School Connectedness

School connectedness is one of the indicators of school climate that a California school district must address in its LCAP. Research shows that school connectedness is associated with multiple positive academic, social-emotional, and health outcomes.²⁷ It also shows that youth who feel safe at school, experience caring adults, and have opportunities for engagement and other developmental supports are more likely to feel connected to the school. The CHKS five-item School Connectedness scale is an important differentiator between low-performing and high-performing high schools and has value as an indicator of school quality. The online Query CalSCHLS system (calschls.org/reports-data/query-calschls/) enables examination of how key survey indicators vary by school connectedness.

School connectedness appears to have increased in California in the second half of the last decade, but it still declines markedly after elementary school. A substantial majority of high school students are not highly connected to their schools. On the 2015-17 State CHKS, the average percentage of students strongly agreeing to these scale questions declined from 28 percent in 7th grade to 15 percent in 11th, a decline similar to that found for the Academic Motivation scale.²⁸ This may be related at least in part to their lower levels of developmental support. Prior analyses have indicated that the lowest rates of both connectedness and test scores are in low-income schools.²⁹ ³⁰

Parent Involvement

Parent involvement, including promoting parental participation in pupil programs, is one of the LCAP state priorities. A three-item scale assesses student perceptions (level of agreement) of three components of parental involvement: teachers communicating with parents about what students are expected to learn in class, parents feeling welcome to participate at this school, and school staff taking parent concerns seriously. The same questions also are asked on the staff and parent surveys so that perceptions can be compared across all three stakeholder groups. A large and growing body of evidence has linked school success to the manner and degree to which a school communicates with parents, engages them both in school activities and education, and fosters a school climate that parents perceive as warm, inviting, and helpful.³¹

Facilities and Physical Environment

As an indicator of student perceptions of the school's physical environment, the CHKS includes a question asking students how much they agree the school "is usually clean and tidy." Additional questions are included in the supplementary School Climate Module. An analysis of data from the questions on both modules found that a plurality of students report that their school facilities are in good condition, but a non-trivial minority of students were dissatisfied with the condition of their school facilities. ³² Between 20 percent and 25 percent of students disagree or strongly disagree on the quality of the physical environment items. Almost one-third of schools serving 11th graders were categorized as having low quality physical environments based on student reports on the clean and tidy item. Student perceptions of the quality of their school's physical environment were strongly related to student achievement.

²⁷ National Research Council and the Institute of Medicine. (2004). *Engaging schools: Fostering high school students' motivation to learn*. Washington, D.C.: The National Academies Press.

²⁸ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng, (2018), Download data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial State 1517.pdf

²⁹ Austin, Hanson, & Voight. (2013). Download data.calschls.org/resources/S3factsheet5_connectedness_20130827.pdf

³⁰ O'Malley & Amarillas. (2011). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief4 Connectedness final.pdf</u>

³¹ Wilder, S. (2014). Effects of parental involvement on academic achievement. A meta-synthesis. *Educational Review*, 66:3, 377-397.

³² Hanson & Austin. (2017). Download calschls.org/docs/facilities122216.pdf

SCHOOL VIOLENCE, VICTIMIZATION, AND SAFETY (Section 5)

The CHKS asks students a wide range of questions to ascertain the scope and nature of physical and verbal violence and victimization that occurs on campus, as well as vandalism, and the overall level of school safety.³³ Physical violence and weapons on campus have long been a major public concern. Equally disruptive are the uncounted acts of bullying, teasing, and other nonviolent misbehavior among youth, such as substance use and sales on campus.³⁴ These behaviors adversely affect not only students' ability to learn and willingness to attend school, but also the overall school environment, the ability of teachers to teach, and the willingness of adults to enter the teaching profession.³⁵ ³⁶ ³⁷

Perceived Safety

Perceived safety is another indicator that districts/schools are required to monitor as part of their LCAP school climate priority. School safety is more than the antithesis of violence. Perceived school safety is psychological as well as physical. Feelings of insecurity can have multiple sources, not all of which correctly reflect the level of danger and violence on a school campus, such as verbal bullying. Both physical and psychological safety are essential for high quality teaching and learning. It is a key factor in students feeling connected to school. Another indicator important for attendance is the percentage of students who report missing school because they didn't feel safe (Table A4.4).

State CHKS data show that the percentage of students who perceive their school as safe or very safe has consistently dropped markedly between 7th and 9th grades.³⁸ If students report low levels of perceived school safety, pay close attention to all the indicators related to bullying and victimization, as well as mental health. Schools may want to request comparisons of students' perceptions of their own safety with the actual level of violence and other safety-related indicators self-reported by students. Consider conducting follow-up student voice and feedback sessions such as focus groups or Student Listening Circles and integrating questions on why students do not feel safe.³⁹

Harassment and Victimization

Most of the safety-related questions on the survey assess victimization. Because a relatively small number of students can victimize a large number of their peers, victimization questions provide more insight into the overall school climate. Nonviolent harassment in any form—threats, intimidation, rumors, and ostracism—can instill a sense of vulnerability, isolation, frustration, and fear among its victims, leading to engagement in health risk behaviors or avoidance behaviors such as missing school and social isolation. This type of misbehavior, vastly more common than any other, ruins the school day for many students. In *Bruised Inside* (2000), the National Association of Attorneys General describes harassment by peers as one of the two causes for kids to express anger using guns, knives, and fists.⁴⁰

The CHKS asks about the frequency with which students experienced any bullying/harassment related to six bias-related categories (gender, race/ethnicity, disability, sexual identity, religion, immigrant status),

³³ The CHKS also includes two violence-related questions that are not school based: the frequency students experienced cyberbullying and whether they are gang members.

³⁴ Juvonen, J., & Graham, S. (2001). Peer harassment in school: The plight of the vulnerable and victimized. New York: Guilford Press.

³⁵ Barton, P. E. (2001). Facing the hard facts in education reform. Princeton, NJ: Educational Testing Service.

³⁶ O'Malley & Amarillas. (2011). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief5 ViolencePerpetration final.pdf</u>

³⁷ O'Malley & Amarillas. (2011). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/S3</u> WhatWorksBrief6 ViolenceVictimization final.pdf

³⁸ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng. (2018). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial_State_1517.pdf</u>

³⁹ O'Malley & Amarillas, (2011). Download data, calschls, org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief3 Safety final, pdf

⁴⁰ Horn, D. M., National Association of Attorneys General., & Washington (State). (2000). *Bruised inside: What our children say about youth violence, what causes it, and what we need to do about it: A report of the National Association of Attorneys General (NAAG)*. Washington, DC: National Association of Attorneys General.

as well as for any other reason (Table A5.2). About three-in-ten secondary students report experiencing some harassment in the past year on the State CHKS, with the percentages declining between 7th and 11th grades. Analyses show that victims of harassment are more likely to not feel safe at, and connected to, school; to have higher truancy; and to experience lower developmental (resilience) supports at school. They report higher rates of fighting and weapons possession at school, as well as risk of depression. Students who report bias-related harassment, particularly for disability and sexual orientation, have poorer well-being than students who were only harassed for other reasons.

Different forms of verbal harassment at school are assessed: mean rumors or lies; sexual-related jokes, comments, or gestures; being made fun of because of looks or speech; and, more generally, being made fun of, insulted or called names. Physical victimization is assessed by having been pushed/shoved, threatened with harm or injury (without or without weapon), and being afraid of being beaten up. Students are also asked whether they have ever been in a physical fight as a measure of general violence.

The supplementary School Climate Module includes Bullying Prevention and Respect for Diversity scales to provide insight into what the school is doing to reduce the problem.

Vandalism and Weapons

Two other safety-related areas assessed by the survey are school vandalism and weapons possession. Students are asked whether they damaged school property or had their property damaged at school and whether they carried a knife or other weapon to school or observed someone doing it. Overall, weapons possession is not common. Statewide, only about two percent of secondary students report carrying a gun and 4-5 percent report carrying another weapon. ⁴⁴ About 16 percent of 7th and 9th graders reporting seeing someone carrying a weapon, dropping to 13 percent of 11th graders.

SUBSTANCE USE AND MENTAL HEALTH (Sections 6-8)

Two important barriers to learning, positive youth development, and health are assessed: substance use and mental health.

Alcohol and Other Drug Use (Section 6)

The misuse of alcohol and other drugs (AOD) continues to be among the most important issues confronting the nation. For schools, the problem is particularly relevant. Years of research have shown that adolescent substance use is closely connected to academic performance and contributes to raising the level of truancy and absenteeism, special education, disciplinary problems, disengagement and dropout rates, teacher turnover, and property damage.

Reflecting this, on the California School Staff Survey, high school staff statewide are more likely to perceive alcohol and drug use as moderate to severe problems at their schools than all of seven violence-related indicators (49% for both alcohol and drugs in 2004-06), ranking them among the top 3 of 14 problem indicators.⁴⁵

Alcohol and Other Drug Use at School (Section 6)

AOD use at school is especially troubling. It reflects a level of drug involvement so pervasive that the

⁴¹ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng. (2018). Download data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial State 1517.pdf

⁴² Heck, Russell, O'Shaughnessy, Laub, Calhoun, & Austin. (2005). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-4.pdf

⁴³ Austin, Nakamoto, & Bailey. (2010). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-10.pdf</u>

⁴⁴ Austin, Hanson, Polik, & Zheng. (2018). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/Biennial_State_1517.pdf</u>

⁴⁵ Statewide CSSS. (2018). Download data.calschls.org/resources/Statewide 1517 CSSS.pdf

potential repercussions for violation of school rules are disregarded by these youths. This is behavior that threatens not only the user's learning ability but also school efforts to educate all youth. It also is an indirect indicator of school disengagement. An analysis of CHKS data found that substance use and intoxication at school, being offered drugs at school, and lifetime intoxication, were significantly related to changes in California achievement test scores one year later. ⁴⁶ Schools with proportionately large numbers of students who reported these behaviors exhibited smaller gains in test scores than other schools. ⁴⁷ ⁴⁸

Cigarette Smoking (Section 7)

Current smokers are significantly more likely than nonsmokers to engage in alcohol and other drug use, be involved in violence and gang membership, and experience school-related problems and disengagement. To a lesser extent, current smokers are also more likely than nonsmokers to be victims of violence and harassment, feel unsafe at school, and experience incapacitating sadness and loneliness. These results suggest that efforts to reduce student smoking may be more successful if embedded in approaches that address a broad range of risk behaviors and problems.^{49 50}

Mental Health (Section 8)

The CHKS Core provides two measures for assessing mental health among students: (1) whether they experience chronic, incapacitating sadness or hopelessness; and (2) whether they ever contemplated suicide. Students who experience chronic sadness, compared to their peers who do not, are at elevated risk of a wide range of educational, health, social, and emotional problems, including lower school attendance, performance, and connectedness. ⁵¹ They also report lower levels of the developmental supports in their schools and communities that have been shown to mitigate these problems. Similar findings are found among youth who have contemplated suicide. ⁵²

CHKS data also show that students who report bias-related harassment, particularly for disability and sexual orientation, have poorer overall well-being than students who are harassed for other reasons or not harassed. Students who report any harassment are about twice as likely to experience chronic sadness/hopelessness than their non-harassed peers.⁵³ ⁵⁴

See also the percentage of students who report missing school because they "felt very sad, hopeless, anxious, stressed, or angry" (Table A4.4). In addition, the supplementary School Climate Module includes a Social and Emotional Supports scale that provides insight from students on what the school does to help promote mental health and the fostering of social-emotional competencies.

⁴⁶ Hanson, T. L., Austin, G. A., & Lee-Bayha, J. (2004). Ensuring that No Child is Left Behind: How are Student Health Risks & Resilience Related to the Academic Progress of Schools. San Francisco: WestEd.

⁴⁷ Hanson & Austin. (2003), Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-3.pdf

⁴⁸ O'Malley & Amarillas. (2011). Download data.calschls.org/resources/S3 WhatWorksBrief8 AOD final.pdf

⁴⁹ Hanson & Zheng. (2006). Download data.calschls.org/resources/factsheet2update.pdf

⁵⁰ Austin, McCarthy, Slade, & Bailey. (2007). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-5.pdf

⁵¹ Austin, Nakamoto, & Bailey. (2010). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-11.pdf</u>

⁵² Austin, Cragle, Delong-Cotty. (2012). Download <u>data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-12.pdf</u>

⁵³ Heck, Russell, O'Shaughnessy, Laub, Calhoun, & Austin. (2005). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-4.pdf

⁵⁴ Austin, Nakamoto, & Bailey. (2010). Download data.calschls.org/resources/FACTSHEET-10.pdf